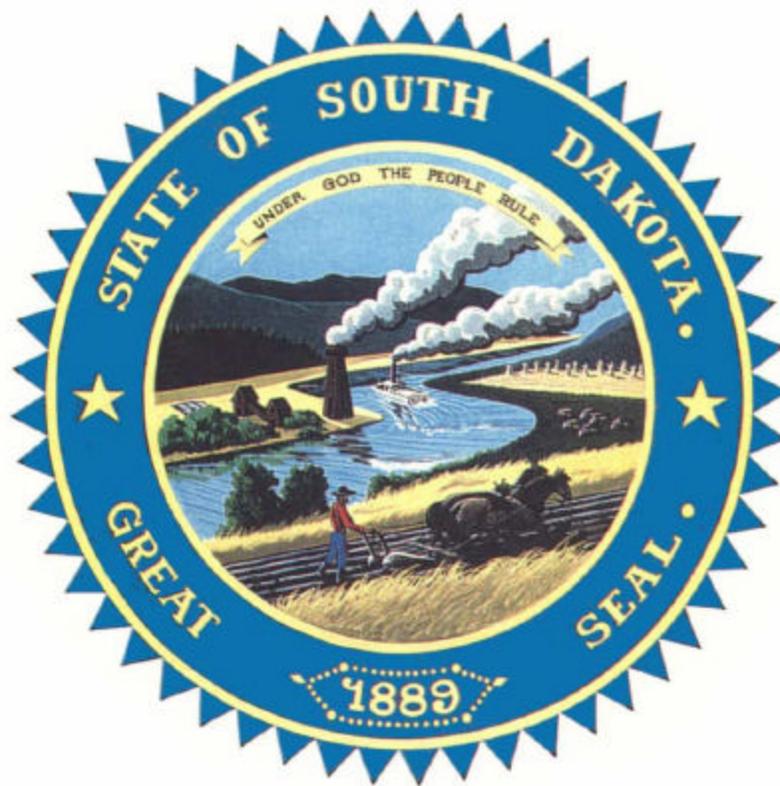


# Crime in South Dakota 2001



Office of Attorney General  
Criminal Statistics Analysis Center

# **CRIME IN SOUTH DAKOTA 2001**

**January 1, 2001 - December 31, 2001**

## **Office of Attorney General Criminal Statistics Analysis Center**

**Mark Barnett  
Attorney General**

**Brenda Hesla, Criminal Statistical Analyst  
Darin Anderson, Criminal Statistical Analyst  
Wanda L. Fergen, Director**

**December 2002**

**Visit our website at: [www.sddci.com](http://www.sddci.com)**

This project was supported by Grant 2001-BJ-CX-K008 awarded by the Bureau of Justice Statistics, U.S. Department of Justice. Approximate production costs of this project were \$782.50 funded 100% through federal monies. Two hundred-fifty (250) copies of this document were printed at a cost of \$3.13 per copy.

Points of view or opinions stated in this publication are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official position of the United States Department of Justice.

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**OFFICE OF ATTORNEY  
GENERAL**

500 EAST CAPITOL AVENUE  
Pierre, South Dakota 57501-5070  
Phone (605) 773-3215  
FAX (605) 773-4106  
www.state.sd.us/atg

**MARK BARNETT**  
ATTORNEY GENERAL

**LAWRENCE LONG**  
CHIEF DEPUTY ATTORNEY  
GENERAL

**Foreword**

Crime in South Dakota is an annual publication based upon Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) statistics. The UCR program is the basis for collecting data on selected crimes by participating agencies throughout South Dakota. Prior to 1990, this data collection effort was handled directly by the FBI with approximately thirty-two agencies reporting in 1989. On January 1, 1990, the Criminal Statistics Analysis Center became the State Clearinghouse for UCR data. Following is a table that depicts the percentage of population covered along with the number of reporting agencies:

Reporting Year	Percent Of Population Covered	# Of Reporting Agencies	Reporting Year	Percent Of Population Covered	# Of Reporting Agencies
1990	85	82	1996	82	76
1991	90	96	1997	82	89
1992	88	89	1998	82	84
1993	83	75	1999	78	80
1994	78	64	2000	82	88
1995	80	73	2001	82	86

This publication of Crime in South Dakota 2001 represents approximately eighty-two percent (82%) of the population as reported by forty-one Sheriff's Offices, forty-four Police Departments and the Division of Criminal Investigation.

On January 1, 1994, the South Dakota Criminal Statistics Analysis Center (SDSAC) began accepting National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS) data from participating agencies. Uniform Crime Reporting data continues to be collected from agencies in the process of converting to NIBRS. In 2001, the SDSAC received NIBRS from 69 law enforcement agencies. On February 16, 2001 the SDSAC received notice from the FBI that the UCR program had successfully demonstrated the capability to submit NIBRS data in accordance with criteria established by the National UCR Program. We were the 21<sup>st</sup> state to achieve NIBRS certification. The windows-based NIBRS software is available free-of-charge to South Dakota law enforcement agencies. NIBRS data will allow for more complete, accurate, and timely crime statistics. Take a few minutes to review the NIBRS section in the back of this publication. This is just a sample of the available data. Because of the many benefits of NIBRS, I strongly encourage all agencies to participate in this crime reporting program. We will be contacting you to provide further information.

I'd like to take this opportunity to recognize everyone involved with this project for your participation and cooperation. The Uniform Crime Reporting Program is a voluntary program and without your assistance, the following crime data would be unavailable.

Mark Barnett  
South Dakota Attorney General

## INTRODUCTION

Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) and National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS) are a cooperative effort among city, county, and State law enforcement agencies. The State Clearinghouse for UCR and NIBRS (Criminal Statistical Analysis Center) provides participating agencies with the necessary supplies required for crime reporting. Reports are completed and forwarded to the State Clearinghouse on a monthly basis. The Clearinghouse then reconciles all reports and submits them to the Federal Bureau of Investigation where national reports such as Crime in the United States are generated.

Certain constraints should be noted in interpreting the collective data for the State. The data included in this publication are based solely on actual figures, not estimated figures, from reports submitted by participating Sheriff's Offices, Police Departments and the Division of Criminal Investigation. These figures cannot be compared to 2000 data because of the difference in the number of reporting agencies, nor can these figures be compared to data released by the FBI, as the FBI estimates for non-reported data. Also, the Federal Bureau of Investigation's deadline for submitting crime statistics was March 15, 2002; South Dakota Criminal Statistics Analysis Center's deadline was July 1, 2002.

The population figures included in this publication were obtained from the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The FBI used a formula that takes the U.S. Census Bureau's estimated 2000 figures times the projected growth rate for South Dakota. The resident county populations sum of 756,600 was used. The information included in this report was generated by a combination of these population figures and data collected through the Uniform Crime Reporting System and the National Incident-Based Reporting System from the participating agencies.

The statistics were analyzed for a twelve month period beginning January 1, 2001. However, a few agencies did not report for an entire twelve month period. The information in this publication will reflect this partial participation. The data included in this report can only be as accurate as the data provided by each reporting agency. These figures are based on data received through the December 31, 2001 reporting period and index crime data was verified by the submitting agencies.

## INDEX CRIMES PER 100,000 POPULATION

**O**ne of the most meaningful crime statistics used in Uniform Crime Reporting is the Crime Rate. This rate is the number of offenses per 100,000 inhabitants. This rate can be calculated regardless of the number of inhabitants in a city or county. To compute rates, divide the jurisdiction's population by 100,000 and divide the number of offenses in each class by that answer. The answer is the number of offenses per 100,000 inhabitants and is the crime rate for that offense.

### Example:

Population for jurisdiction: 756,600 (South Dakota's 2001 Population)  
 Number of larcenies for that jurisdiction: 11,610

Divide 756,600 by 100,000 = 7.57  
 Divide 11,610 by 7.57 = 1,534

The Crime Rate for larceny in South Dakota for 2001 is 1,534 per 100,000 inhabitants.

CRIME INDEX	TOTAL OFFENSES	RATE PER 100,000
Total Index Crime	16,235	2,145
Violent Crime	1,115	147
Property Crime	15,120	1,997
Murder	9	1
Rape	312	41
Robbery	103	14
Aggravated Assault	691	91
Burglary	2,768	366
Larceny	11,610	1,534
Motor Vehicle Theft	742	98

## TOTAL INDEX CRIMES

---

**16,235 Offenses Reported**  
**4,631 Offenses Cleared**  
**4,374 Persons Arrested**

---

**T**he following offenses make up the Total Index Crime: Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter, Forcible Rape, Robbery, Aggravated Assault, Burglary, Larceny, and Motor Vehicle Theft.

- In 2001, there were 16,235 Index Crimes. Seventy-two percent of the Total Index Crimes were larcenies.

INDEX CRIMES	OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	9	.06%
Forcible Rape	312	1.92%
Robbery	103	.63%
Aggravated Assault	691	4.26%
Burglary	2,768	17.05%
Larceny	11,610	71.51%
Motor Vehicle Theft	742	4.57%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>16,235</b>	<b>100%</b>

Due to rounding, figures may not total 100%.

## INDEX CRIME OFFENSES BY MONTH

MONTHS	MURDER/ NON-NEG. MANSL.	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAV. ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	M.V. THEFT	*MANSL. BY NEG.	*OTHER (SIMPLE) ASSAULT	*ARSON
January	0	26	10	55	186	719	66	0	321	4
February	1	22	4	36	124	655	40	0	309	8
March	1	22	11	46	181	873	52	0	332	5
April	1	29	11	54	200	889	39	0	351	8
May	1	27	9	72	255	1,049	52	0	370	11
June	1	19	8	47	270	1,012	52	0	368	4
<b>6 MONTH TOTAL</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>310</b>	<b>1,216</b>	<b>5,197</b>	<b>301</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2,051</b>	<b>40</b>
July	1	44	6	83	298	1,143	72	0	412	8
August	1	37	15	62	364	1,230	80	0	392	14
September	0	16	4	60	233	1,049	71	2	383	9
October	0	23	9	70	235	1,147	68	0	371	11
November	2	26	8	55	214	925	83	0	313	7
December	0	21	8	51	208	919	67	0	314	5
<b>6 MONTH TOTAL</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>381</b>	<b>1,552</b>	<b>6,413</b>	<b>441</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2,185</b>	<b>54</b>
<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>312</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>691</b>	<b>2,768</b>	<b>11,610</b>	<b>742</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>4,236</b>	<b>94</b>
<b>MONTHLY AVERAGE</b>	<b>.8</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>231</b>	<b>968</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>.2</b>	<b>353</b>	<b>8</b>

\* Manslaughter by Negligence, Other (Simple) Assault, and Arson are not included in the Total Index Crime.

# MURDER AND NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER

---

**9 Offenses Reported  
11 Offenses Cleared  
12 Persons Arrested\***

---

**T**he willful killing of one human being by another. Any death due to injuries received in a fight, argument, quarrel, assault, or commission of a crime is classified as a Criminal Homicide. Suicides, accidental deaths, assaults to murder, traffic fatalities, and attempted murders are not classified as murder and non-negligent manslaughter.

In four (44%) of the cases, the victim was between the ages of 20-24 years old. Five (56%) of the victims were male, and all of the victims were white. One of the murders was the result of a domestic violence dispute involving a spouse.

All of the 10 offenders were male and eight (80%) were white. The circumstance in eight (89%) of the murders was a single victim/single offender. One reported murder had a single victim/multiple offenders circumstance.

Handgun was indicated as the weapon of choice in three (33%) of the murders reported. Knife was reported as the weapon in two murders; self was used in two murders; a rifle was used in one murder; and both a knife and a belt were the weapons used in one murder.

Not included in the number of offenses is one non-negligent manslaughter cleared by exceptional means. The victim was a 23-year-old white male who was shot with a rifle by a 58-year-old white male. This was a domestic violence case involving a father and son. The father shot the son in self-defense. The case was deemed justifiable homicide.

A Supplementary Homicide report is submitted by the participating law enforcement agencies in all murder cases. The report provides pertinent information including the age, sex, and race of the victim and offender(s), and any circumstances which led to the commission of the crime. Beginning January 1, 1988 the requirement for the collection of ethnic origin was discontinued; therefore, the ethnicity of victims and offenders is no longer contained in this report.

- .06% of the Crime Index Total

\*Note: The number of offenders and number arrested may or may not equal. Some offenders commit the crime in one year and are arrested in another year. In cases of a murder/suicide there cannot be an arrest.

## MURDER

AGE	VICTIM	OFFENDER
Under 1	0	0
1 - 5	0	0
6 - 10	0	0
11 - 14	0	0
15 - 19	1	1
20 - 24	4	1
25 - 29	1	3
30 - 34	0	0
35 - 39	0	3
40 - 44	1	2
45 - 49	1	0
50 - 54	1	0
55 - 59	0	0
60 - 64	0	0
65 and Over	0	0
Unknown	0	0
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>10</b>
SEX	VICTIM	OFFENDER
Male	5	10
Female	4	0
Unknown	0	0
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>10</b>
RACE	VICTIM	OFFENDER
White	9	8
Black	0	0
Am. Indian/Alaskan Native	0	2
Asian/Pacific Islander	0	0
Unknown	0	0
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>10</b>

<b>MURDER ARREST INFORMATION</b>	
<b>AGE</b>	<b>NUMBER OF ARRESTS</b>
<b>Under 10</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>10 - 12</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>13 - 14</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>15</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>16</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>17</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>TOTAL JUVENILE ARRESTS</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>18</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>19</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>20</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>21</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>22</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>23</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>24</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>25 - 29</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>30 - 34</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>35 - 39</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>40 - 44</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>45 - 49</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>50 - 54</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>55 - 59</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>60 - 64</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>65 and Over</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>TOTAL ADULT ARRESTS</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>12</b>

## **RAPE**

---

**312 Offenses Reported**  
**127 Offenses Cleared**  
**79 Persons Arrested**

---

**T**he carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will. Rapes or attempts accomplished by force or threat of force are classified as forcible regardless of the age of the female victim. In the case that several men attack one female, only one forcible rape is counted. Statutory rape or other sex offenses are not recognized under this category. Sex attacks on males are excluded and classified as assaults or "other sex offenses" depending on the nature of the crime and the extent of injury.

Juveniles consisted of 27% of the total arrests made for rape. Twenty (25%) of the persons arrested were in their 20's and 17 (22%) were in their 30's. The month of July had the greatest occurrence with 44 rape offenses reported. There were 21 attempted forcible rapes reported.

Of the 79 persons arrested, 47 (59%) were white; 24 (30%) were Native American; seven (9%) were black; and one (1%) was Asian.

- 1.92% of the Crime Index Total

<b>RAPE ARREST INFORMATION</b>	
<b>AGE</b>	<b>NUMBER OF ARRESTS</b>
<b>Under 10</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>10 - 12</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>13 - 14</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>15</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>16</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>17</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>TOTAL JUVENILE ARRESTS</b>	<b>21</b>
<b>18</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>19</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>20</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>21</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>22</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>23</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>24</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>25 - 29</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>30 - 34</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>35 - 39</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>40 - 44</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>45 - 49</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>50 - 54</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>55 - 59</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>60 - 64</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>65 and Over</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>TOTAL ADULT ARRESTS</b>	<b>58</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>79</b>

# ROBBERY

---

**103 Offenses Reported  
56 Offenses Cleared  
45 Persons Arrested**

---

**T**he taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear. Robbery involves a theft or larceny but is aggravated by the element of force or threat of force.

The total amount of property stolen in 2001 was \$221,671. August had the greatest occurrence of robberies with a total of 15. The average amount stolen was \$2,152. Strong Arm (hands, fists, feet, etc.) were used in 36% of the robberies reported in 2001. Supplementary robbery information, such as the location of the robbery, is obtained from the "Property Stolen by Classification" report.

- .63% of the Crime Index Total

WEAPON	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION
Firearm	37	36%
Knife or Cutting Instrument	18	17%
Other Dangerous Weapons	11	11%
Strong Arm (Hands, Fists, Feet, etc.)	37	36%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>100%</b>

Due to rounding, figures may not total 100%.

## ROBBERY

CLASSIFICATION	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	VALUE STOLEN	AVERAGE STOLEN
Highway (Streets, Alleys, etc.)	30	29%	\$ 11,424	\$ 381
Commercial House	15	15%	\$ 11,792	\$ 786
Gas Station	5	5%	\$ 10,125	\$ 2,025
Convenience Store	14	14%	\$ 6,392	\$ 457
Residence	8	8%	\$ 17,555	\$ 2,194
Bank	10	10%	\$ 138,088	\$ 13,809
Miscellaneous	21	20%	\$ 26,295	\$ 1,252
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>\$ 221,671</b>	<b>\$ 2,152</b>

Due to rounding, figures may not total 100%.

The greatest number of robberies occurred in the "Highway" classification with 30 offenses reported or 29%. The classification "Highway" includes offenses which occur on the streets, in alleys, and generally in view of law enforcement patrol but outside of structures.

Robbery from a bank had 10 occurrences and the greatest dollar value of \$138,088 which averaged \$13,809 per offense. Gas Station robberies had the least occurrence with five offenses reported and a dollar value of \$10,125.

<b>ROBBERY ARREST INFORMATION</b>	
<b>AGE</b>	<b>NUMBER OF ARRESTS</b>
Under 10	0
10 - 12	0
13 - 14	0
15	1
16	3
17	8
<b>TOTAL JUVENILE ARRESTS</b>	<b>12</b>
18	2
19	5
20	1
21	3
22	1
23	1
24	0
25 - 29	6
30 - 34	7
35 - 39	2
40 - 44	2
45 - 49	3
50 - 54	0
55 - 59	0
60 - 64	0
65 and Over	0
<b>TOTAL ADULT ARRESTS</b>	<b>33</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>45</b>

# AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

---

**691 Offenses Reported**  
**513 Offenses Cleared**  
**406 Persons Arrested**

---

**A**n unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. All assaults by one person upon another with the intent to kill, maim, or inflict severe bodily injury with the use of any dangerous weapon are classified under one of the aggravated assault categories. It is not necessary that injury result from an aggravated assault when a gun, knife, or other weapon is used.

The greatest occurrence of aggravated assaults was in July with 83 offenses reported. Strong Arm was used in 33% of the aggravated assaults. Sixteen percent of the total arrests for aggravated assault were juveniles.

- 4.26% of the Crime Index Total

WEAPON	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION
Firearm	87	13%
Knife or Cutting Instrument	188	27%
Other Dangerous Weapons	186	27%
Strong Arm (Hands, Fists, Feet, etc.)	230	33%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>691</b>	<b>100%</b>

Due to rounding, figures may not total 100%.

<b>AGGRAVATED ASSAULT ARREST INFORMATION</b>	
<b>AGE</b>	<b>NUMBER OF ARRESTS</b>
Under 10	1
10 - 12	9
13 - 14	9
15	10
16	18
17	18
<b>TOTAL JUVENILE ARRESTS</b>	<b>65</b>
18	26
19	18
20	21
21	16
22	17
23	13
24	13
25 - 29	56
30 - 34	59
35 - 39	40
40 - 44	30
45 - 49	19
50 - 54	6
55 - 59	3
60 - 64	2
65 and Over	2
<b>TOTAL ADULT ARRESTS</b>	<b>341</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>406</b>

# OTHER ASSAULTS

## OTHER ASSAULTS (SIMPLE), NOT AGGRAVATED

**A**ll assaults which do not involve the use of a firearm, knife or cutting instrument, or other dangerous weapon and in which there were no serious or aggravated injuries to the victims. Although other (simple) assaults are not within the Crime Index, they are collected under other (simple) assaults as a quality control matter and for the purpose of looking at total assault violence.

In 2001, there were a total of 4,236 other (simple) assaults reported. Of the total arrests for other (simple) assaults, there were 2,861 arrests made. Of those, 15% (437) were juveniles.

<b>OTHER (SIMPLE) ASSAULT ARREST INFORMATION</b>	
<b>AGE</b>	<b>NUMBER OF ARRESTS</b>
<b>Under 10</b>	<b>13</b>
<b>10 - 12</b>	<b>56</b>
<b>13 - 14</b>	<b>147</b>
<b>15</b>	<b>77</b>
<b>16</b>	<b>74</b>
<b>17</b>	<b>70</b>
<b>TOTAL JUVENILE ARRESTS</b>	<b>437</b>
<b>18</b>	<b>83</b>
<b>19</b>	<b>96</b>
<b>20</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>21</b>	<b>110</b>
<b>22</b>	<b>140</b>
<b>23</b>	<b>113</b>
<b>24</b>	<b>92</b>
<b>25 - 29</b>	<b>430</b>
<b>30 - 34</b>	<b>374</b>
<b>35 - 39</b>	<b>373</b>
<b>40 - 44</b>	<b>275</b>
<b>45 - 49</b>	<b>126</b>
<b>50 - 54</b>	<b>56</b>
<b>55 - 59</b>	<b>32</b>
<b>60 - 64</b>	<b>14</b>
<b>65 and Over</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>TOTAL ADULT ARRESTS</b>	<b>2,424</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>2,861</b>

# BURGLARY

---

**2,768 Offenses Reported**  
**545 Offenses Cleared**  
**652 Persons Arrested**

---

**T**he unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. Breaking and entering with intent to commit a larceny; housebreaking; safecracking; and all attempts at these offenses should be counted as burglary.

August had the greatest occurrence with 364 offenses. Fifty-five percent of those arrested were juveniles.

- 17.05% of the Crime Index Total

TYPE OF ENTRY	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION
Forcible Entry	1,224	44%
Unlawful Entry	1,331	48%
Attempted Forcible Entry	213	8%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>2,768</b>	<b>100%</b>

Due to rounding, figures may not total 100%.

Unlawful entry was most commonly used in 48% of the burglary offenses. A total value of \$2,196,523 was reported stolen with an average loss of \$794. Thirty-five percent of the burglaries occurred at a residence during unknown time with a total property value stolen of \$655,206.

## BURGLARY

CLASSIFICATION	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	TOTAL STOLEN	AVERAGE STOLEN
<b>RESIDENCE</b>				
Night	476	17%	\$ 222,788	\$ 468
Day	307	11%	\$ 214,082	\$ 697
Unknown	958	35%	\$ 655,206	\$ 684
<b>Total Residence</b>	<b>1,741</b>	<b>63%</b>	<b>\$1,092,076</b>	<b>\$ 627</b>
<b>NON-RESIDENCE</b>				
Night	259	9%	\$ 222,961	\$ 861
Day	138	5%	\$ 91,455	\$ 663
Unknown	630	23%	\$ 790,031	\$1,254
<b>Total Non-Residence</b>	<b>1,027</b>	<b>37%</b>	<b>\$1,104,447</b>	<b>\$1,075</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>2,768</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>\$2,196,523</b>	<b>\$ 794</b>

Due to rounding, figures may not total 100%.

<b>BURGLARY ARREST INFORMATION</b>	
<b>AGE</b>	<b>NUMBER OF ARRESTS</b>
<b>Under 10</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>10 - 12</b>	<b>57</b>
<b>13 - 14</b>	<b>98</b>
<b>15</b>	<b>74</b>
<b>16</b>	<b>65</b>
<b>17</b>	<b>61</b>
<b>TOTAL JUVENILE ARRESTS</b>	<b>360</b>
<b>18</b>	<b>68</b>
<b>19</b>	<b>32</b>
<b>20</b>	<b>36</b>
<b>21</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>22</b>	<b>12</b>
<b>23</b>	<b>13</b>
<b>24</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>25 - 29</b>	<b>32</b>
<b>30 - 34</b>	<b>30</b>
<b>35 - 39</b>	<b>27</b>
<b>40 - 44</b>	<b>18</b>
<b>45 - 49</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>50 - 54</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>55 - 59</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>60 - 64</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>65 and Over</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>TOTAL ADULT ARRESTS</b>	<b>292</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>652</b>

# LARCENY

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**11,610 Offenses Reported**  
**3,174 Offenses Cleared**  
**3,033 Persons Arrested**

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**T**he unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another. Larceny and theft mean the same thing in Uniform Crime Reporting. Motor vehicle theft is not included and is counted separately because of the great volume of thefts in that particular category. All thefts and attempted thefts are counted.

August had the greatest occurrence with 1,230 offenses. The total amount reported stolen for larceny offenses was \$5,069,170 with an average loss of \$437 per larceny. Twenty-one percent (\$1,111,606) of the total stolen was taken from motor vehicles with an average loss of \$462. Property taken from buildings had the highest average amount stolen of \$671. Less than one-half (43%) of the total larceny arrests were juveniles.

- 71.51% of the Crime Index Total

TYPE	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	TOTAL STOLEN
Over \$200	3,887	\$4,553,125
\$50 to \$200	3,085	\$ 423,334
Under \$50	4,638	\$ 92,711
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>11,610</b>	<b>\$5,069,170</b>

## LARCENY

NATURE OF LARCENY	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	TOTAL STOLEN	AVERAGE STOLEN
Pocket Picking	15	.1%	\$ 2,146	\$143
Purse Snatching	19	.2%	\$ 3,776	\$199
Shoplifting	2,117	18%	\$ 113,525	\$ 54
From Motor Vehicle	2,405	21%	\$1,111,606	\$462
Motor Vehicle Parts	438	4%	\$ 246,391	\$563
Bicycles	1,037	9%	\$ 177,232	\$171
From Building	1,419	12%	\$ 952,035	\$671
From Coin-Operated Machine	60	.5%	\$ 12,937	\$216
All Other	4,100	35%	\$2,449,522	\$597
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>11,610</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>\$5,069,170</b>	<b>\$437</b>

Due to rounding, figures may not total 100%.

<b>LARCENY ARREST INFORMATION</b>	
<b>AGE</b>	<b>NUMBER OF ARRESTS</b>
<b>Under 10</b>	<b>60</b>
<b>10 - 12</b>	<b>256</b>
<b>13 - 14</b>	<b>356</b>
<b>15</b>	<b>236</b>
<b>16</b>	<b>225</b>
<b>17</b>	<b>179</b>
<b>TOTAL JUVENILE ARRESTS</b>	<b>1,312</b>
<b>18</b>	<b>194</b>
<b>19</b>	<b>217</b>
<b>20</b>	<b>134</b>
<b>21</b>	<b>100</b>
<b>22</b>	<b>64</b>
<b>23</b>	<b>55</b>
<b>24</b>	<b>36</b>
<b>25 - 29</b>	<b>181</b>
<b>30 - 34</b>	<b>126</b>
<b>35 - 39</b>	<b>183</b>
<b>40 - 44</b>	<b>156</b>
<b>45 - 49</b>	<b>113</b>
<b>50 - 54</b>	<b>57</b>
<b>55 - 59</b>	<b>43</b>
<b>60 - 64</b>	<b>26</b>
<b>65 and Over</b>	<b>36</b>
<b>TOTAL ADULT ARRESTS</b>	<b>1,721</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>3,033</b>

# MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT

**742 Offenses Reported**  
**205 Offenses Cleared**  
**147 Persons Arrested**

**T**he theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. A motor vehicle is defined as a self-propelled vehicle that runs on land surface and not on rails. All automobiles taken by persons not having lawful access even though the vehicles are later abandoned, including a joy ride, should be classified in this category.

In 2001, there were 742 motor vehicle thefts totaling \$5,665,363.

November had the greatest occurrence with 83 offenses. Five hundred sixty-two (76%) of the motor vehicle thefts were automobiles. Ninety-four percent (571) of all recovered vehicles were locally stolen. Half (50%) of the total motor vehicle arrests were juveniles.

- 4.57% of the Crime Index Total

TYPE OF MOTOR VEHICLE	NUMBER STOLEN
Automobiles	562
Trucks and Buses	82
Other Motor Vehicles	98
<b>TOTAL STOLEN MOTOR VEHICLES</b>	<b>742</b>

MOTOR VEHICLES RECOVERED	NUMBER RECOVERED
Stolen Locally, Recovered Locally	488
Stolen Locally, Recovered by Other Jurisdictions	83
Stolen in Other Jurisdictions, Recovered Locally	39
<b>TOTAL MOTOR VEHICLES RECOVERED</b>	<b>610</b>

<b>MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT ARREST INFORMATION</b>	
<b>AGE</b>	<b>NUMBER OF ARRESTS</b>
<b>Under 10</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>10 - 12</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>13 - 14</b>	<b>22</b>
<b>15</b>	<b>18</b>
<b>16</b>	<b>12</b>
<b>17</b>	<b>18</b>
<b>TOTAL JUVENILE ARRESTS</b>	<b>74</b>
<b>18</b>	<b>12</b>
<b>19</b>	<b>13</b>
<b>20</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>21</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>22</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>23</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>24</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>25 - 29</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>30 - 34</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>35 - 39</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>40 - 44</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>45 - 49</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>50 - 54</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>55 - 59</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>60 - 64</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>65 and Over</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>TOTAL ADULT ARRESTS</b>	<b>73</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>147</b>

# ARSON

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**94 Offenses Reported**  
**23 Offenses Cleared**  
**90 Persons Arrested**

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**A**ny willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling, church, college, jail, meeting house, public building, motor vehicle, aircraft, personal property of another, etc. Only fires determined through investigation to have been willfully or maliciously set are to be classified as arsons.

In 2001, there were 94 arson offenses reported with a total property value loss of \$304,629. The greatest occurrence was in August with 14 offenses reported. Thirty-three (37%) of those arrested were juveniles. Twelve (13%) arsons occurred in a structure with single occupancy residential being the most common of the designated structures. The highest total value loss was for single occupancy residential with a total of \$146,700.

The greatest number of arsons (43%) were in the "Total Other" category (crops, timber, fences, signs, etc.).

**\*South Dakota Fire Marshal's figures were unavailable at the time this report was printed. Some offenses reported to the Fire Marshal Office may have been reported to the UCR/NIBRS Program. The primary source of data for this report was the South Dakota UCR/NIBRS Program.**

## ARSON BY TYPE OF PROPERTY

PROPERTY CLASSIFICATION	NUMBER OF OFFENSES	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	TOTAL VALUE	AVERAGE VALUE
<b>Single Occupancy</b>				
Residential	12	13%	\$146,700	\$12,225
Other Residential	8	9%	\$ 13,150	\$ 1,644
Storage	4	4%	\$ 37,520	\$ 9,380
Industrial/Manufacturing	1	1%	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000
Other Commercial	5	5%	\$ 50,080	\$10,016
Community/Public	6	6%	\$ 1,726	\$ 288
All Other Structure	4	4%	\$ 5,075	\$ 1,269
<b>Total Structure</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>43%</b>	<b>\$259,251</b>	<b>\$ 6,481</b>
<b>Motor Vehicles</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>12%</b>	<b>\$ 23,385</b>	<b>\$ 2,126</b>
<b>Other Mobile Property</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3%</b>	<b>\$ 2,070</b>	<b>\$ 690</b>
<b>Total Mobile</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>15%</b>	<b>\$ 25,455</b>	<b>\$ 1,818</b>
<b>Total Other</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>43%</b>	<b>\$ 19,923</b>	<b>\$ 498</b>
<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>\$304,629</b>	<b>\$ 3,241</b>

Due to rounding, figures may not total 100%.

<b>ARSON ARREST INFORMATION</b>	
<b>AGE</b>	<b>NUMBER OF ARRESTS</b>
Under 10	6
10 - 12	12
13 - 14	8
15	0
16	3
17	4
<b>TOTAL JUVENILE ARRESTS</b>	<b>33</b>
18	6
19	2
20	1
21	3
22	2
23	0
24	0
25 - 29	10
30 - 34	10
35 - 39	13
40 - 44	5
45 - 49	2
50 - 54	1
55 - 59	1
60 - 64	1
65 and Over	0
<b>TOTAL ADULT ARRESTS</b>	<b>57</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>90</b>

## PROPERTY

**\$13,152,727 Total Stolen**  
**\$3,607,089 Total Recovered**

The amount of property stolen in 2001 totaled \$13,152,727. Currency and notes consisted of 12% of the property stolen. For the six index offenses with a monetary value involved, January had the greatest amount of stolen property with a total of \$2,083,977.

Of the property stolen, 27% was recovered. The month of September had the greatest recovery rate for 2001 with 49% of the property stolen being recovered. Locally Stolen Motor Vehicles are the most common property recovered (41%) and Household Goods had the lowest recovery rate of 5%.

### VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED BY MONTH

MONTH	AMOUNT STOLEN	AMOUNT RECOVERED	PERCENT RECOVERED
January	\$ 2,083,977	\$ 755,449	36%
February	\$ 574,717	\$ 190,648	33%
March	\$ 889,823	\$ 237,825	27%
April	\$ 831,166	\$ 104,613	13%
May	\$ 770,009	\$ 195,995	25%
June	\$ 1,000,340	\$ 326,654	33%
July	\$ 966,631	\$ 282,092	29%
August	\$ 1,628,650	\$ 216,343	13%
September	\$ 1,084,951	\$ 527,813	49%
October	\$ 1,236,500	\$ 300,349	24%
November	\$ 1,275,566	\$ 268,782	21%
December	\$ 810,397	\$ 200,526	25%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$13,152,727</b>	<b>\$3,607,089</b>	<b>27%</b>

Due to rounding, figures may not equal the total.

## VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN BY INDEX OFFENSE

OFFENSE	NUMBER	VALUE STOLEN
MURDER; NON-NEGLIGENT & NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	11	\$ 0
FORCIBLE RAPE & ATTEMPTED FORCIBLE RAPE	333	\$ 0
ROBBERY		
Highway	30	\$ 11,424
Commercial House	15	\$ 11,792
Gas or Service Station	5	\$ 10,125
Convenience Store	14	\$ 6,392
Residence	8	\$ 17,555
Bank	10	\$ 138,088
Miscellaneous	21	\$ 26,295
<b>TOTAL ROBBERY</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>\$ 221,671</b>
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	691	N/A
BURGLARY		
<u>Residence</u>		
Night	476	\$ 222,788
Day	307	\$ 214,082
Unknown	958	\$ 655,206
<u>Non-Residence</u>		
Night	259	\$ 222,961
Day	138	\$ 91,455
Unknown	630	\$ 790,031
<b>TOTAL BURGLARY</b>	<b>2,768</b>	<b>\$2,196,523</b>

Due to rounding, figures may not equal the total.

(Continued)

## VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN BY INDEX OFFENSE

OFFENSE	NUMBER	VALUE STOLEN
<b>LARCENY</b>		
Over \$200	3,887	\$ 4,553,125
\$50 to \$200	3,085	\$ 423,334
Under \$50	4,638	\$ 92,711
<b>TOTAL LARCENY</b>	<b>11,610</b>	<b>\$ 5,069,170</b>
<b>MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT*</b>	<b>742</b>	<b>\$ 5,665,363</b>
<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>	<b>16,258</b>	<b>\$13,152,727</b>

## VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND RECOVERED BY TYPE

TYPE OF PROPERTY	AMOUNT STOLEN	AMOUNT RECOVERED	PERCENT RECOVERED
Currency & Notes, Etc.	\$ 1,612,617	\$ 185,461	12%
Jewelry & Precious Metals	\$ 627,362	\$ 57,102	9%
Clothing & Furs	\$ 131,339	\$ 33,313	25%
Locally Stolen Motor Vehicles*	\$ 5,596,396	\$2,269,173	41%
Office Equipment	\$ 314,217	\$ 17,407	6%
TVs, Radios, Cameras, Etc.	\$ 968,447	\$ 74,612	8%
Firearms	\$ 78,472	\$ 10,529	13%
Household Goods	\$ 167,244	\$ 8,824	5%
Consumable Goods	\$ 88,834	\$ 12,926	15%
Livestock	\$ 217,834	\$ 25,541	12%
Miscellaneous	\$ 3,349,965	\$ 912,201	27%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$13,152,727</b>	<b>\$3,607,089</b>	<b>27%</b>

Due to rounding, figures may not equal the total.

\*Due to UCR scoring procedures, a discrepancy in monetary value of stolen vehicles may exist in some tables. When a vehicle is taken in the commission of a more serious crime (rape, burglary, etc.) a motor vehicle theft is not tallied, but the vehicle will be counted as property taken during the offense.

## ARREST DATA

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**37,348 Total Arrests**  
**28,930 Adult Arrests**  
**8,418 Juvenile Arrests**

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**T**he total arrests submitted by the agencies in 2001 were 37,348. The greatest number of arrests (10%) occurred in August. The Uniform Crime Reporting Program offenses are divided into two groupings, Part I and Part II offenses, and it is as important and essential to maintain uniformity in the data collection of persons arrested as it is in the offense data collection conducted for Part I crimes only. The Part II offenses encompass all other crime classifications outside those defined as Part I offenses.

The Part I offenses include: Criminal Homicide, Non-Negligent Manslaughter, Forcible Rape, Robbery, Aggravated Assault, Burglary, Larceny, and Motor Vehicle Theft. Arrests for Part I offenses total 4,374. Larceny had the greatest total arrest rate (8.12%) out of the Part I offenses of the total arrests. Of the total arrests in the Part II offenses, All Other Offenses had the greatest total arrest rate 23.05% (8,608). Eight percent (2,974) of the total arrests made in 2001 were drug abuse related.

MONTH	NUMBER ARRESTED
January	2,711
February	2,419
March	3,321
April	3,035
May	3,219
June	3,261
July	3,501
August	3,730
September	3,313
October	3,125
November	2,850
December	2,863
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>37,348</b>

Almost three-fourths, 72% (26,959) of the total arrests made were male while females comprised 28% (10,389) of the 37,348 total arrests.

Seventy percent (26,188) of the total arrests were white; 26% (9,867) were American Indian/Alaskan Native; 3% (1,149) were Black; and .4% (144) were Asian/Pacific Islander.

<b>ARREST DATA BY AGE</b>		
<b>AGE</b>	<b>NUMBER</b>	<b>PERCENT DISTRIBUTION</b>
Under 10	197	1%
10 - 12	845	2%
13 - 14	1,754	5%
15	1,602	4%
16	1,998	5%
17	2,022	5%
18	2,854	8%
19	2,997	8%
20	2,624	7%
21	1,668	4%
22	1,368	4%
23	1,059	3%
24	918	2%
25 - 29	3,549	10%
30 - 34	2,846	8%
35 - 39	3,020	8%
40 - 44	2,513	7%
45 - 49	1,546	4%
50 - 54	1,002	3%
55 - 59	474	1%
60 - 64	229	1%
65 and Over	263	1%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>37,348</b>	<b>100%</b>

Due to rounding, figures may not total 100%.

## INDEX CRIME ARRESTS BY MONTH

MONTHS	MURDER	FORCIBLE RAPE	ROBBERY	AGGRAV ASSAULT	BURGLARY	LARCENY	MV THEFT	*MANSL BY NEGL	*OTHER (SIMPLE) ASSAULT	*ARSON
January	2	1	3	29	59	222	17	0	230	1
February	1	4	4	22	27	195	4	2	222	4
March	1	7	10	33	26	308	8	0	242	0
April	2	8	3	25	39	265	3	0	201	41
May	1	2	3	44	51	215	11	0	241	1
June	0	6	1	33	52	219	8	0	248	2
<b>6 MONTH TOTAL</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>254</b>	<b>1,424</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1,384</b>	<b>49</b>
July	1	13	3	48	58	269	16	0	260	7
August	2	11	5	27	98	235	20	0	256	7
September	0	7	1	38	49	251	22	0	272	8
October	0	8	4	40	46	345	10	0	253	1
November	2	9	5	34	94	229	18	0	224	7
December	0	3	3	33	53	280	10	0	212	11
<b>6 MONTH TOTAL</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>398</b>	<b>1,609</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,477</b>	<b>41</b>
<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>406</b>	<b>652</b>	<b>3,033</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2,861</b>	<b>90</b>
<b>MONTHLY AVERAGE</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>253</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>.2</b>	<b>238</b>	<b>8</b>

\* Manslaughter by Negligence, Other (Simple) Assault, and Arson are not included in the Total Index Crime.

## TOTAL ARRESTS

OFFENSES	NUMBER OF ARRESTS	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION
Murder	12	.03%
Forcible Rape	79	.21%
Robbery	45	.12%
Aggravated Assault	406	1.09%
Burglary	652	1.75%
Larceny	3,033	8.12%
Motor Vehicle Theft	147	.39%
<b>SUBTOTAL - Part I Offenses</b>	<b>4,374</b>	<b>11.71%</b>
Manslaughter by Negligence	2	.01%
Arson	90	.24%
Other (Simple) Assaults	2,861	7.66%
Forgery	157	.42%
Fraud	760	2.04%
Embezzlement	24	.06%
Stolen Property	106	.28%
Vandalism	585	1.57%
Weapons	107	.29%
Prostitution	3	.01%
Sex Offenses	183	.49%
<b>DRUG ABUSE VIOLATIONS</b>		
<b><u>SALE/MANUFACTURING</u></b>		
Opium or Cocaine and their Derivatives	148	.40%
Marijuana	83	.22%
Synthetic Narcotics	9	.02%
Other - Dangerous Non-Narcotic Drugs	80	.21%
<b>Sale/Manufacturing Subtotal</b>	<b>320</b>	<b>.86%</b>

(Continued)

OFFENSES	NUMBER OF ARRESTS	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION
<b>POSSESSION</b>		
Opium or Cocaine and their Derivatives	64	.17%
Marijuana	2,132	5.71%
Synthetic Narcotics	70	.19%
Other-Dangerous Non-Narcotic Drugs	388	1.04%
<b>Possession Subtotal</b>	<b>2,654</b>	<b>7.11%</b>
<b>Drug Abuse Violations Grand Total</b>	<b>2,974</b>	<b>7.96%</b>
Bookmaking	1	0%
Numbers and Lottery	0	N/A
All Other Gambling	0	N/A
Offenses Against Family and Children	328	.88%
Driving Under the Influence	5,246	14.05%
Liquor Laws	7,788	20.85%
Drunkenness	451	1.21%
Disorderly Conduct	1,732	4.64%
Vagrancy	34	.09%
All Other Offenses	8,608	23.05%
Suspicion	0	N/A
Curfew	295	.79%
Runaways	639	1.71%
<b>SUBTOTAL - Part II Offenses</b>	<b>32,974</b>	<b>88.29%</b>
<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>	<b>37,348</b>	<b>100%</b>

Due to rounding, figures may not total 100%.

## TOTAL ARRESTS BY SEX

OFFENSES	TOTAL	PERSONS ARRESTED	
		MALE	FEMALE
Murder	12	12	0
Forcible Rape	79	79	0
Robbery	45	39	6
Aggravated Assault	406	327	79
Burglary	652	584	68
Larceny	3,033	1,933	1,100
Motor Vehicle Theft	147	123	24
<b>SUBTOTAL - Part I Offenses</b>	<b>4,374</b>	<b>3,097</b>	<b>1,277</b>
Manslaughter by Negligence	2	2	0
Arson	90	79	11
Other (Simple) Assaults	2,861	2,194	667
Forgery	157	92	65
Fraud	760	397	363
Embezzlement	24	13	11
Stolen Property	106	80	26
Vandalism	585	476	109
Weapons	107	100	7
Prostitution	3	1	2
Sex Offenses	183	159	24
<b>DRUG ABUSE VIOLATIONS</b>			
<b><u>SALE/MANUFACTURING</u></b>			
Opium or Cocaine and their Derivatives	148	105	43
Marijuana	83	66	17
Synthetic Narcotics	9	7	2
Other - Dangerous Non- Narcotic Drugs	80	67	13
<b>Sale/Manufacturing Subtotal</b>	<b>320</b>	<b>245</b>	<b>75</b>

(Continued)

OFFENSES	TOTAL	PERSONS ARRESTED	
		MALE	FEMALE
<b><u>POSSESSION</u></b>			
Opium or Cocaine and their Derivatives	64	45	19
Marijuana	2,132	1,731	401
Synthetic Narcotics	70	53	17
Other - Dangerous Non-Narcotic Drugs	388	277	111
<b>Possession Subtotal</b>	<b>2,654</b>	<b>2,106</b>	<b>548</b>
<b>Drug Abuse Violations Grand Total</b>	<b>2,974</b>	<b>2,351</b>	<b>623</b>
Bookmaking	1	1	0
Numbers and Lottery	0	0	0
All Other Gambling	0	0	0
Offenses Against Family and Children	328	231	97
Driving Under the Influence	5,246	4,085	1,161
Liquor Laws	7,788	5,339	2,449
Drunkenness	451	354	97
Disorderly Conduct	1,732	1,385	347
Vagrancy	34	28	6
All Other Offenses	8,608	6,086	2,522
Suspicion	0	0	0
Curfew	295	180	115
Runaways	639	229	410
<b>SUBTOTAL - Part II Offenses</b>	<b>32,974</b>	<b>23,862</b>	<b>9,112</b>
<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>	<b>37,348</b>	<b>26,959</b>	<b>10,389</b>

## TOTAL ARRESTS BY RACE

OFFENSES	TOTAL	WHITE	BLACK	AM. IND/ ALASKAN NATIVE	ASIAN/ PACIFIC ISLANDER
Murder	12	8	0	4	0
Forcible Rape	79	47	7	24	1
Robbery	45	23	5	17	0
Aggravated Assault	406	239	29	136	2
Burglary	652	473	44	134	1
Larceny	3,033	2,063	97	855	18
Motor Vehicle Theft	147	82	5	60	0
<b>SUBTOTAL - Part I Offenses</b>	<b>4,374</b>	<b>2,935</b>	<b>187</b>	<b>1,230</b>	<b>22</b>
Manslaughter by Negligence	2	2	0	0	0
Arson	90	58	12	20	0
Other (Simple) Assaults	2,861	1,964	149	735	13
Forgery	157	125	5	27	0
Fraud	760	655	19	84	2
Embezzlement	24	24	0	0	0
Stolen Property	106	56	5	45	0
Vandalism	585	395	16	173	1
Weapons	107	86	5	16	0
Prostitution	3	3	0	0	0
Sex Offenses	183	138	5	39	1
<b>DRUG ABUSE VIOLATIONS</b>					
<b>SALE/MANUFACTURING</b>					
Opium or Cocaine and their Derivatives	148	110	10	28	0
Marijuana	83	72	4	7	0
Synthetic Narcotics	9	9	0	0	0
Other - Dangerous Non- Narcotic Drugs	80	69	2	5	4
<b>Sale/Manufacturing Subtotal</b>	<b>320</b>	<b>260</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>4</b>

(Continued)

OFFENSES	TOTAL	WHITE	BLACK	AM. IND/ ALASKAN NATIVE	ASIAN/ PACIFIC ISLANDER
<b>POSSESSION</b>					
Opium or Cocaine and their Derivatives	64	45	15	4	0
Marijuana	2,132	1,804	88	228	12
Synthetic Narcotics	70	68	0	2	0
Other - Dangerous Non- Narcotic Drugs	388	335	8	43	2
<b>Possession Subtotal</b>	<b>2,654</b>	<b>2,252</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>277</b>	<b>14</b>
<b>Drug Abuse Violations Grand Total</b>	<b>2,974</b>	<b>2,512</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>317</b>	<b>18</b>
Bookmaking	1	1	0	0	0
Numbers and Lottery	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Gambling	0	0	0	0	0
Offenses Against Family and Children	328	258	9	61	0
Driving Under the Influence	5,246	4,178	103	950	15
Liquor Laws	7,788	5,607	138	2,010	33
Drunkenness	451	68	3	380	0
Disorderly Conduct	1,732	1,097	82	546	7
Vagrancy	34	6	0	28	0
All Other Offenses	8,608	5,356	251	2,971	30
Suspicion	0	0	0	0	0
Curfew	295	223	1	71	0
Runaways	639	441	32	164	2
<b>SUBTOTAL - Part II Offenses</b>	<b>32,974</b>	<b>23,253</b>	<b>962</b>	<b>8,637</b>	<b>122</b>
<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>	<b>37,348</b>	<b>26,188</b>	<b>1,149</b>	<b>9,867</b>	<b>144</b>

## OFFENSES BY CONTRIBUTOR - COUNTY SHERIFFS

Crime in South Dakota 2001

38

Agency	Population	Months Reported	*Full-Time Law Enf. Empl.	Total Index Crime per 100,000	Total Index Crime	Percent Of Index Crime	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Agg. Assault	Burglary	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	**Other (Simple) Assault	**Arson
Aurora	3,065	12	4	131	4	.02%	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	3	0
Beadle	17,063	12	22	129	22	.14%	0	0	1	0	12	8	1	1	1
Bon Homme	7,277	12	9	41	3	.02%	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	0
Brookings	28,286	12	20	290	82	.51%	0	0	0	1	16	61	4	27	0
Brown	35,542	12	44	217	77	.47%	0	2	2	2	43	21	7	30	0
Charles Mix	9,372	12	10	587	55	.34%	0	0	0	11	7	31	6	0	0
Clay	13,568	12	7	354	48	.30%	0	1	0	4	17	22	4	7	0
Codington	25,957	7	9	19	5	.03%	0	0	0	1	4	0	0	1	0
Corson	4,191	12	3	334	14	.09%	0	0	0	0	5	9	0	3	0
Davison	18,785	12	7	85	16	.10%	0	0	0	1	10	5	0	5	0
Day	6,282	12	6	605	38	.23%	0	0	0	5	15	15	3	9	0
Deuel	4,508	12	8	799	36	.22%	0	0	1	0	9	26	0	3	0
Dewey	5,986	12	3	451	27	.17%	0	1	0	8	6	9	3	15	0
Douglas	3,466	12	2	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Edmunds	4,377	12	6	46	2	.01%	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0
Faulk	2,646	12	8	567	15	.09%	0	0	0	0	1	13	1	1	2
Gregory	4,803	12	3	62	3	.02%	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	3	0
Hand	3,750	12	2	587	22	.14%	0	1	0	0	10	10	1	3	0
Harding	1,356	12	2	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hughes	16,519	12	24	139	23	.14%	0	0	0	0	7	16	0	5	0
Hutchinson	8,094	12	3	25	2	.01%	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
Hyde	1,675	12	1	179	3	.02%	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0
Jerauld	2,300	12	1	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lawrence	21,853	12	40	1,117	244	1.50%	0	8	3	7	60	155	11	49	0
Lyman	3,904	12	4	359	14	.09%	0	0	0	2	2	9	1	0	0
Marshall	4,587	12	8	1,112	51	.31%	0	0	0	0	15	36	0	10	0
McCook	5,846	12	3	770	45	.28%	0	0	0	10	3	27	5	0	0
Meade	24,309	12	46	695	169	1.04%	0	5	0	3	73	79	9	62	0
Mellette	2,088	12	5	2,921	61	.38%	0	1	0	13	19	20	8	11	1
Miner	2,891	12	4	934	27	.17%	0	1	0	2	11	12	1	6	0
Minnehaha	148,627	12	127	235	350	2.16%	0	7	0	22	148	150	23	114	2

\* Number of Full-Time Law Enforcement Employees as of October 31, 2001.

\*\*Other (Simple) Assault and Arson are not included in the Total Index Crime.

## OFFENSES BY CONTRIBUTOR - COUNTY SHERIFFS

Agency	Population	Months Reported	*Full-Time Law Enf. Empl.	Total Index Crime per 100,000	Total Index Crime	Percent Of Index Crime	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Agg. Assault	Burglary	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	**Other (Simple) Assault	**Arson
Pennington	88,771	12	151	1,587	1,409	8.68%	1	48	1	28	124	1,179	28	240	4
Perkins	3,371	12	3	475	16	.10%	0	0	0	1	4	10	1	3	0
Potter	2,699	12	6	445	12	.07%	0	0	0	0	3	8	1	2	0
Sanborn	2,681	12	3	1,305	35	.22%	0	0	0	5	2	25	3	1	0
Spink	7,471	12	14	134	10	.06%	0	1	0	1	4	4	0	2	0
Stanley	2,778	12	6	1,836	51	.31%	0	1	0	2	7	38	3	11	0
Sully	1,560	12	3	385	6	.04%	0	0	0	1	1	3	1	0	0
Walworth	5,988	12	10	251	15	.09%	0	0	0	1	4	10	0	2	0
Yankton	21,702	12	10	309	67	.41%	0	0	1	5	14	42	5	19	1
Ziebach	2,326	12	2	301	7	.04%	0	0	0	1	2	3	1	0	0

\* Number of Full-Time Law Enforcement Employees as of October 31, 2001.

\*\*Other (Simple) Assault and Arson are not included in the Total Index Crime

## OFFENSES BY CONTRIBUTOR - POLICE DEPARTMENTS

Crime in South Dakota 2001

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Agency	Population	Months Reported	*Full-Time Law Enf. Empl.	Total Index Crime per 100,000	Total Index Crime	Percent Of Index Crime	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Agg. Assault	Burglary	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	**Other (Simple) Assault	**Arson
Aberdeen	24,715	12	48	2,545	629	3.87%	1	18	2	27	111	453	17	172	8
Alcester	882	7	1	1,134	10	.06%	0	0	0	1	1	6	2	3	0
Belle Fourche	4,576	12	10	1,989	91	.56%	0	3	0	4	12	69	3	36	0
Beresford	2,011	8	4	1,144	23	.14%	0	0	0	0	7	15	1	2	0
Box Elder	2,848	12	6	2,879	82	.51%	0	1	1	3	30	39	8	54	0
Brandon	5,706	12	8	1,052	60	.37%	0	1	0	2	21	36	0	14	0
Brookings	18,547	12	35	2,777	515	3.17%	0	2	3	11	60	423	16	99	1
Burke	678	12	1	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DCI	N/A	12	N/A	N/A	103	.63%	2	23	7	35	14	19	3	11	3
Deadwood	1,383	12	11	4,989	69	.43%	1	0	0	5	5	56	2	48	0
Eagle Butte	620	12	3	968	6	.04%	0	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	0
Elk Point	1,718	12	5	1,281	22	.14%	0	1	0	0	9	12	0	1	0
Estelline	677	12	1	2,068	14	.09%	0	0	0	0	6	8	0	3	0
Eureka	1,104	12	3	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Faith	490	12	2	0	0	0%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gettysburg	1,355	12	1	812	11	.07%	0	1	0	0	5	3	2	1	0
Groton	1,359	12	3	1,766	24	.15%	0	0	0	0	3	21	0	2	0
Hot Springs	4,139	12	7	1,111	46	.28%	0	0	1	2	3	39	1	32	1
Huron	11,921	12	30	3,515	419	2.58%	0	1	3	16	59	328	12	119	3
Kadoka	708	12	1	2,260	16	.10%	0	0	0	5	4	7	0	4	0
Lake Andes	821	12	5	4,507	37	.23%	0	0	0	2	12	20	3	25	0
Lead	3,034	12	6	1,088	33	.20%	0	0	0	1	3	27	2	14	0
Lemmon	1,401	12	4	928	13	.08%	0	0	0	1	9	3	0	9	0
Madison	6,555	12	11	2,761	181	1.11%	0	3	0	3	47	122	6	30	0
McLaughlin	777	12	7	3,732	29	.18%	0	0	0	3	26	0	0	5	0
Milbank	3,648	12	5	1,206	44	.27%	0	0	0	0	7	35	2	11	0
Miller	1,534	12	4	1,499	23	.14%	0	0	0	4	7	12	0	3	1
Mitchell	14,592	12	36	3,934	574	3.54%	0	9	0	12	111	418	24	217	5
Mobridge	3,582	12	12	4,299	154	.95%	0	0	1	1	19	127	6	29	0
N. Sioux City	2,293	12	8	305	7	.04%	0	0	0	0	2	3	2	12	0
Parkston	1,678	12	2	238	4	.02%	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	2	0

\* Number of Full-Time Law Enforcement Employees as of October 31, 2001.

\*\*Other (Simple) Assault and Arson are not included in the Total Index Crime.

## OFFENSES BY CONTRIBUTOR – POLICE DEPARTMENTS

Agency	Population	Months Reported	*Full-Time Law Enf. Empl.	Total Index Crime per 100,000	Total Index Crime	Percent Of Index Crime	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Agg. Assault	Burglary	Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	**Other (Simple) Assault	**Arson
Pierre	13,908	12	34	3,825	532	3.28%	0	4	0	16	54	440	18	134	3
Platte	1,370	12	2	219	3	.02%	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	0
Rapid City	59,746	12	119	4,917	2,938	18.10%	2	62	31	126	433	2,114	170	723	13
Salem	1,374	12	2	1,456	20	.12%	0	0	0	0	8	12	0	3	0
Sioux Falls	124,263	12	207	3,315	4,119	25.37%	2	65	38	208	681	2,943	182	1,147	38
Sisseton	2,578	12	7	3,064	79	.49%	0	3	1	7	16	41	11	62	3
Spearfish	8,626	12	22	3,385	292	1.80%	0	3	0	2	44	233	10	61	1
Sturgis	6,457	12	15	3,980	257	1.58%	0	2	2	6	48	180	19	102	0
Tea	1,746	4	3	229	4	.02%	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	3	0
Vermillion	9,788	12	15	3,341	327	2.01%	0	11	0	6	24	265	21	54	0
Watertown	20,284	12	40	4,146	841	5.18%	0	5	2	27	138	635	34	236	3
Whitewood	846	12	1	591	5	.03%	0	1	0	0	1	3	0	7	0
Winner	3,144	12	16	3,053	96	.59%	0	0	0	3	18	66	9	27	0
Yankton	13,559	12	45	2,928	397	2.45%	0	15	1	13	42	306	20	68	0

\* Number of Full-Time Law Enforcement Employees as of October 31, 2001.

\*\*Other (Simple) Assault and Arson are not included in the Total Index Crime.

## LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS ASSAULTED

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**85 Officers Assaulted**  
**34 Officers Injured**  
**51 Officers Not Injured**

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In 2001, there were 85 assaults on law enforcement officers reported. Of those assaulted, there were less than half (40%) that received injuries. Ninety-four percent (80) of the total assaults reported were cleared.

Attempting Other Arrests had the greatest occurrence (25%) in the type of activity involved with the assault of a law enforcement officer. Two time ranges had the most assaults with 14 assaults (16%) occurring in each range. The time ranges were between the hours of 10:01 pm – 12:00 am and also between the hours of 12:01 am – 2:00 am. The most common type of assignment consisted of one officer vehicle assisted (39%). Hands, fists, feet, etc. are the most commonly used weapon (94%) in the assaults that result in an injury. The same was true in 65% of the cases where there was no injury involved in the assault.

TYPE OF ACTIVITY	NUMBER ASSAULTED	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	PERCENT CLEARED
Disturbance Call	19	22%	116%
Burglary in Progress	0	N/A	N/A
Robbery in Progress	0	N/A	N/A
Attempting Other Arrests	21	25%	105%
Civil Disorder	0	N/A	N/A
Handling Prisoners, Etc.	17	20%	71%
Investigating Suspicious...	5	6%	100%
Ambush	1	1%	100%
Mentally Deranged	2	2%	50%
Traffic Pursuits & Stops	11	13%	91%
All Other	9	11%	78%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>94%</b>

Due to rounding, figures may not total 100%.

TYPE OF ASSIGNMENT	NUMBER ASSAULTED	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION
TWO OFFICER VEHICLE	7	8%
ONE OFFICER VEHICLE		
Alone	25	29%
Assisted	33	39%
DETECTIVE/SPECIAL ASSIGNMENT		
Alone	1	1%
Assisted	1	1%
OTHER		
Alone	4	5%
Assisted	14	16%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>100%</b>

Due to rounding, figures may not total 100%.

WEAPON	INJURED	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION	NOT INJURED	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION
Firearm	0	N/A	6	12%
Knife or Other Cutting Instrument	0	N/A	4	8%
Other Dangerous Weapon	2	6%	8	16%
Hands, Fists, Feet, etc.	32	94%	33	65%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>100%</b>

Due to rounding, figures may not total 100%.

TIME OF DAY	NUMBER ASSAULTED	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION
6:01 AM - 8:00 AM	7	8%
8:01 AM - 10:00 AM	7	8%
10:01AM - 12:00 NOON	3	4%
12:01PM - 2:00 PM	2	2%
2:01 PM - 4:00 PM	3	4%
4:01 PM - 6:00 PM	6	7%
<b>TOTAL DAYTIME HOURS</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>33%</b>
6:01 PM - 8:00 PM	7	8%
8:01 PM - 10:00 PM	7	8%
10:01PM - 12:00 AM	14	16%
12:01AM - 2:00 AM	14	16%
2:01 AM - 4:00 AM	12	14%
4:01 AM - 6:00 AM	3	4%
<b>TOTAL NIGHTTIME HOURS</b>	<b>57</b>	<b>67%</b>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>100%</b>

Due to rounding, figures may not total 100%.

# CLASSIFICATION OF OFFENSES

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**U**niformity in reporting under the South Dakota Uniform Crime Reporting System is based on the proper classification of offenses reported to or known by law enforcement. The adoption of the National System of Uniform Crime Reporting included the utilization of the offense classifications of that system. In view of the need for compatibility with the National System, "offenses" under the program are not distinguished by designation of "misdemeanors", "felonies" or violations of municipal ordinances. The explanations of offense classifications may vary slightly from language used by those familiar with South Dakota State Law. However, the major categories of offense classification remain the same between the national and state level.

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## PART I OFFENSES

### 1. HOMICIDE

1a. Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter - The willful (non-negligent) killing of a human being with malice aforethought.

*General Rule - Any death due to a fight, quarrel, argument, assault or commission of a crime.*

1b. Manslaughter by Negligence - The unlawful killing of a human being, by another, through gross negligence.

*General Rule - The killing may result from the commission of an unlawful act or from a lawful act performed with gross negligence.*

*Not included - Suicides, accidental deaths, assaults to murder, traffic fatalities, and attempted murders.*

### 2. FORCIBLE RAPE

2a. Rape by Force - The carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will.

*General Rule - Forcible rape of a female, excluding carnal abuse (statutory rape) or other sex offenses.*

2b. Attempted Forcible Rape - All assaults and attempts to rape.

### **3. ROBBERY**

*The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.*

- 3a. Firearm - Operation in which any firearm (revolvers, automatic pistols, shotguns, rifles, pellet guns, etc.) is used as a weapon or employed as a means of force to threaten the victim or put the victim in fear.
- 3b. Knife or Cutting Instrument - Operation in which a knife or cutting instrument (knife, razor, hatchet, axe, scissors, glass, dagger, ice pick, etc.) is employed as a weapon or as a means of force to threaten the victim or put the victim in fear.
- 3c. Other Dangerous Weapon - Operation in which any other object or thing (club, acid, explosive, brass knuckles, etc.) is used as a weapon.
- 3d. Strong Arm (Hands, Fists, Feet, etc.) - Muggings and similar offenses where no weapon is used, but strong-arm tactics (limited to the use of personal weapons such as hands, arms, feet, fists, teeth, etc.) are employed or their use is threatened to deprive the victim of possessions.

### **4. ASSAULT**

*An assault is an attempt or offer, with unlawful force or violence, to do physical injury to another.*

- 4a. Firearm - All assaults wherein a firearm (revolvers, automatic pistols, shotguns, rifles, pellet guns, etc.) is used or its use is threatened.
- 4b. Knife or Cutting Instrument - All assaults wherein a knife or cutting instrument (knife, razor, hatchet, axe, scissors, glass, dagger, ice pick, etc.) is used as a cutting or stabbing object or their use is threatened.
- 4c. Other Dangerous Weapon - Assaults resulting from the use or threatened use of any object (club, bricks, jack handles, tire irons, bottles, brass knuckles, or other blunt instruments, explosives, acid, lye, poison, scalding water) as a weapon.
- 4d. Strong Arm (Hands, Fists, Feet, etc.) - The attacks by use of personal weapons (hands, arms, feet, fists, teeth, etc.) which result in serious or aggravated injury.

## 5. BURGLARY

*The unlawful entry or attempted forcible entry of any dwelling, attached structure, public building, shop, office, factory, storehouse, apartment, house trailer (used as a permanent structure), warehouse, mill, barn, camp, other building, ship or railroad car to commit a felony or larceny.*

*General Rule - For Uniform Crime Reporting purposes the terms "Burglary" and "Breaking and Entering" are considered synonymous.*

- 5a. Forcible Entry - All offenses where force of any kind is used to enter unlawfully a locked structure, with intent to steal or commit a felony. This includes entry by use of a master key, celluloid, or other device that leaves no outward mark but is used to open a lock. Concealment inside a building, followed by the breaking out of the structure is also included.
- 5b. Unlawful Entry (No Force) - Any unlawful entry without any evidence and is achieved by the use of an unlocked door or window.
- 5c. Attempted Forcible Entry - Situations where a forcible entry burglary is attempted.

## 6. LARCENY

*The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of the property from the possession or constructive possession of another.*

*General Rule - All larcenies and thefts resulting from pocket-picking, purse-snatching, shoplifting, larceny from auto, larceny of auto parts and accessories, theft of bicycles, larceny from buildings, and from coin-operated machines. Any theft that is not a robbery or the result of breaking and entering is included. Embezzlement, larceny by bailee, fraud or bad check cases are excluded.*

## 7. MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT

*The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle.*

- 7a. Autos - The thefts of all sedans, station wagons, coupes, convertibles, and other similar motor vehicles which serve the primary purpose of transporting people from one place to another.
- 7b. Trucks and Buses - Vehicles specifically designed to transport people on a commercial basis and to transport cargo.
- 7c. Other Vehicles - All other motor vehicles such as snowmobiles, motorcycles, motor scooters, trail bikes, mopeds, golf carts, etc.

## PART II OFFENSES

The Part II offenses encompass all other crime classifications outside of those defined as Part I offenses. In November 1932, the Uniform Crime Reporting Program adopted a Standard Classification of Offenses for the compilation of criminal statistics. This classification was devised and adopted in order that law enforcement, judicial, and penal statistics might be uniformly compiled in terms of a single classification of offenses. The definitions of the Part II offenses that follow include some of the offense titles described in state, county or municipal code. These titles have been included as descriptive data to aid in determining the offenses that should be included or excluded from each classification.

### 8. OTHER (SIMPLE) ASSAULTS

*Assaults and attempted assaults where no weapon was used or which did not result in serious or aggravated injury to the victim are included as other assaults.*

Examples of local jurisdiction offense titles which would be included in "other assaults" are:

- A. Simple assault
- B. Minor assault
- C. Assault and battery
- D. Injury by culpable negligence
- E. Resisting or obstructing an officer
- F. Intimidation
- G. Coercion
- H. Hazing
- I. Attempts to commit the above

### 9. ARSON

*The willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling, church, college, jail, meeting house, public building, motor vehicle, aircraft, personal property of another, etc. should be scored as arson.*

*General Rule - Incidents in which persons are killed as a direct result of arson are classified as both criminal homicides and arsons.*

## 10. FORGERY AND COUNTERFEITING

In the majority of states, forgery and counterfeiting are treated as allied offenses. Place in this class all offenses dealing with the making, altering, uttering or possessing, with intent to defraud, anything false in the semblance of that which is true. Include:

- A. Altering or forging public or other records
- B. Making, altering, forging or counterfeiting bills, notes, drafts, tickets, checks, credit cards, etc.
- C. Forging wills, deeds, bonds, seals, trademarks, etc.
- D. Counterfeiting coins, plates, bank notes, checks, etc.
- E. Possessing or uttering forged or counterfeited instruments
- F. Erasures
- G. Signing the name of another or fictitious person with intent to defraud
- H. Using forged labels
- I. Possession, manufacture, etc., of counterfeiting apparatus
- J. Selling goods with altered, forged, or counterfeited trademarks
- K. All attempts to commit above

## 11. FRAUD

*Fraudulent conversion and obtaining money or property by false pretense. Include:*

- A. Bad checks
- B. Confidence games
- C. Leaving full-service gas station without paying attendant
- D. Unauthorized withdrawal of money from an automatic teller machine
- E. Attempts to commit the above

## 12. EMBEZZLEMENT

*Misappropriation or misapplication of money or property entrusted to one's care, custody or control. Includes attempts.*

## 13. STOLEN PROPERTY; BUYING, RECEIVING, POSSESSING

*Include in the class all offenses of buying, receiving, and possessing stolen property, as well as all attempts to commit any of these offenses.*

## 14. VANDALISM

*Vandalism consists of the willful or malicious destruction, injury, disfigurement, or defacement of any public or private property, real or personal, without consent of*

*the owner or person having custody or control by cutting, tearing, breaking, marking, painting, covering with filth, or any other such means as may be specified by local law. This offense covers a wide range of malicious behavior directed at property, such as: cutting auto tires, drawing obscene pictures on public restroom walls, smashing windows, destroying school records, tipping over gravestones, defacing library books, etc. Count all arrests for the above, including attempts.*

#### **15. WEAPONS; CARRYING, POSSESSING, ETC.**

This class deals with weapons offenses, regulatory in nature such as:

- A. Manufacture, sale, or possession of deadly weapons
- B. Carrying deadly weapons, concealed or openly
- C. Using, manufacturing, etc., silencers
- D. Furnishing deadly weapons to minors
- E. Aliens possessing deadly weapons
- F. All attempts to commit any of the above

#### **16. PROSTITUTION & COMMERCIALIZED VICE**

Include in this class the sex offenses of a commercialized nature such as:

- A. Prostitution
- B. Keeping a bawdy house, disorderly house or house of ill-repute
- C. Pandering, procuring, transporting or detaining women for immoral purposes
- D. All attempts to commit the above

#### **17. SEX OFFENSES (Except Forcible Rape, Prostitution, & Commercialized Vice)**

Include offenses against chastity, common decency, morals, and the like, such as:

- A. Adultery and fornication
- B. Buggery
- C. Incest
- D. Indecent exposure
- E. Indecent liberties
- F. Seduction
- G. Sodomy or crime against nature
- H. Statutory rape - (no force)
- I. All attempts to commit any of the above

## 18. DRUG ABUSE VIOLATIONS

*Drug abuse violation arrests are requested on the basis of the narcotics used. Include all arrests for violations of state and local ordinances, specifically those relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing and making of narcotic drugs. Make the following subdivisions of drug law arrests, keeping in mind to differentiate between sale/manufacturing and possession.*

### SALE/MANUFACTURING

- A. Opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine)
- B. Marijuana
- C. Synthetic narcotics - manufactured narcotics which can cause true drug addiction (demerol, methadone)
- D. Dangerous non-narcotic drugs (barbiturates, benzedrine)

### POSSESSION

- E. Opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine)
- F. Marijuana
- G. Synthetic narcotics - manufactured narcotics which can cause true drug addiction (demerol, methadone)
- H. Dangerous non-narcotic drugs (barbiturates, benzedrine)

*Include all attempts to sell, manufacture, or possess any of the above.*

## 19. GAMBLING

All charges which relate to promoting, permitting or engaging in illegal gambling. To provide a more refined collection of gambling arrests, the following breakdown should be furnished:

- A. Bookmaking (horse and sport books)
- B. Numbers and lottery
- C. All other

## 20. OFFENSES AGAINST FAMILY & CHILDREN

Include here all charges of non-support and neglect of family and children, such as:

- A. Desertion, abandonment, or non-support of spouse or child
- B. Neglect or abuse of spouse or child (if injury is serious, score as aggravated assault)
- C. Non-payment of alimony
- D. All attempts to commit any of the above

*Not included are victims who are merely taken into custody for their own protection.*

## **21. DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE**

This class is limited to the driving or operating of any vehicle while drunk or under the influence of liquor or narcotic drugs. Include:

- A. Operating a motor vehicle while under the influence
- B. Operating an engine, train, streetcar, boat, etc., while under the influence

## **22. LIQUOR LAWS**

With the exception of "Drunkenness" (Offense 23) and "Driving Under the Influence" (Offense 21), liquor law violations, state or local, are placed in this class. Do not include federal violations. Include:

- A. Manufacturing, sale, transportation, furnishing, possessing, etc., intoxicating liquor
- B. Maintaining unlawful drinking places
- C. Bootlegging
- D. Operating a still
- E. Furnishing liquor to a minor or intemperate person
- F. Using a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor
- G. Drinking on train or public conveyance
- H. All attempts to commit any of the above

## **23. DRUNKENNESS**

Include in this class, all offenses of drunkenness or intoxication, with the exception of "Driving Under the Influence" (Offense 21).

- A. Drunkenness
- B. Drunk and disorderly
- C. Common or habitual drunkard
- D. Intoxication

## **24. DISORDERLY CONDUCT**

In this class are placed all charges of committing a breach of the peace. Include:

- A. Affray
- B. Unlawful assembly
- C. Disturbing the peace
- D. Disturbing meetings

- E. Disorderly conduct in state institutions, at court, at fairs, on trains or public conveyances, etc.
- F. Blasphemy, profanity, and obscene language
- G. Desecrating the flag
- H. Refusing to assist an officer
- I. All attempts to commit the above

## **25. VAGRANCY**

Persons prosecuted on the charge of being, "a suspicious person, etc.", are included in this class. Include:

- A. Vagrancy
- B. Begging
- C. Loitering, (Persons 18 and Over)
- D. Vagabondage

## **26. ALL OTHER OFFENSES**

Include in this class every other state or local offense (except traffic violations) not included in offenses 1 through 25.

- A. Admitting minors to improper places
- B. Abduction and compelling to marry
- C. Bigamy and polygamy
- D. Blackmail and extortion
- E. Bribery
- F. Combination in restraint of trade; trusts, monopolies
- G. Contempt of court
- H. Criminal anarchism
- I. Criminal syndicalism
- J. Discrimination, unfair competition
- K. Kidnapping
- L. Marriage within prohibited degrees
- M. Offenses contributing to juvenile delinquency (except as provided for in offenses 1 to 25), such as employment of children in immoral vocations or practices, admitting minors to improper places
- N. Perjury and subornation of perjury
- O. Possession, repair, manufacture, etc. of burglar's tools
- P. Possession of drug paraphernalia
- Q. Possession or sale of obscene literature, pictures, etc.
- R. Public nuisances
- S. Riot and rout
- T. Trespass

- U. Unlawfully bringing weapons into prisons or hospitals
- V. Unlawfully bringing drugs or liquor into state prisons, hospitals, etc.; furnishing to convicts
- W. Unlawful disinterment of the dead and violation of sepulture
- X. Unlawful use, possession, etc. of explosives
- Y. Violations of state regulatory laws and municipal ordinances (this does not include those offenses or regulations which belong in the above classes)
- Z. Violations of quarantine

*Include all offenses not otherwise classified and all attempts to commit any of the above.*

## **27. SUSPICION**

*While "suspicion" is not an offense, it is the grounds for many arrests in those jurisdictions where the law permits. After examination by law enforcement officers, the prisoner is either formally charged or released. Those formally charged are entered in one of the Part I or Part II offense classes. This class is limited to "suspicion" arrests where persons arrested are released by police.*

## **28. CURFEW AND LOITERING LAWS (Persons under 18)**

*Count all arrests made for violations of local curfew or loitering ordinances where such laws exist.*

## **29. RUNAWAY (Persons under 18)**

*For purposes of the UCR program, report in this category apprehensions for protective custody as defined by local statute. Arrest of runaways from one jurisdiction by another agency should be counted by the home jurisdiction. Do not include protective custody actions with respect to runaways taken for other jurisdictions.*

# GLOSSARY

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**ADULT:** A person 18 years of age or older.

**ARREST:** The act of taking into custody by authority of law, to charge him or her with a criminal offense or to initiate juvenile proceedings.

**CLEARANCE:** An offense is cleared, or solved for crime reporting purposes, when at least one person is arrested, charged with commission of the offense and turned over to the court for prosecution. Provision is also made for clearance in certain "exceptional" situations.

**CLEARANCE RATE (TOTAL):** The number of clearances divided by the total number of offenses, expressed as a percent. The formula is:

$$\frac{\text{Number of Clearances}}{\text{Number of Offenses}} \times 100$$

Offenses are reported as they become known to law enforcement agencies. Clearances are scored as they are made. Therefore, it is possible for the clearance rate to exceed 100 percent for a time period. Both clearances by arrest and exceptional clearances are included.

**COMMERCIAL HOUSE:** A robbery subcategory which tallies the number of actual offenses and the value of stolen property obtained in robberies within commercial establishments except gas stations, convenience stores, and banking-type institutions. These businesses are excluded because separate categories for each are provided. Include supermarkets, department stores, restaurants, taverns, finance companies, hotels, motels, etc.

**CRIME INDEX:** Classification of seven offenses used as an indicator of crime. Crime Index offenses are murder and non-negligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny, and motor vehicle theft.

**CRIME RATE:** The number of known offenses per 100,000 population. The formula is:

$$\frac{\text{Number of Offenses}}{\text{Population}} \times 100,000$$

Crime rates per population unit are employed to remove the effect of differing sizes of law enforcement service areas, permitting the examination of reported crime on an equalized population basis. "Per 100,000 population" is generally utilized to preclude the rates for infrequently occurring offenses from being expressed as very small numbers.

**EXCEPTIONAL CLEARANCE:** When the law enforcement agency has enough information to make an arrest, but cannot locate the offender to do so, then, the complaint is considered solved or cleared by exceptional circumstance, rather than by arrest. For example, a crime may be cleared by exceptional circumstance when an offender has died, moved out of state, or when extradition has been refused.

**HIERARCHY RULE:** The hierarchy assigns crimes in an order according to their seriousness. When using the hierarchy to obtain crime index figures, only the most serious category of crime is counted in any single criminal event. The hierarchy of the index is murder, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny, and motor vehicle theft.

**JUVENILE:** A person 17 years of age or younger.

**JUVENILE ARREST:** For purposes of Uniform Crime Reporting, a juvenile should be counted as "arrested" when the circumstances are such that if he or she were an adult, an arrest would be tallied. When a law enforcement officer places a juvenile in custody for a specific offense, including status offenses, an "arrest" is scored. Law Enforcement contacts with juveniles where no offense has been committed are not scored as arrests. Juveniles taken into custody for their own protection, such as in neglect cases, are not scored as being arrested if they have not committed an offense.

UCR uses the term "arrest" for both adults and juveniles to describe apprehension.

**JUVENILE CRIME:** The only measure of juvenile crime available through Uniform Crime Reporting is the number of juvenile arrests (number, rate, and percentage of total arrests).

**PROPERTY CRIMES:** Subclassification of the Crime Index which encompasses burglary, larceny, motor vehicle theft, and arson.

**STATUTORY RAPE:** The carnal knowledge or the attempted carnal knowledge of a female with no force used and the female victim is under the legal age of consent.

**UNFOUNDED COMPLAINTS:** A complaint which is determined through investigation to be false or baseless. If the investigation shows that no offense occurred nor was attempted, the reported offense can be unfounded for Uniform Crime Reporting purposes. The findings of a coroner, court, jury, or prosecutor do not unfound offenses or attempts which law enforcement investigations establish to be legitimate.

**VICTIM:** A victim, in this publication, is an individual person who has had a violent crime committed against him or her. Victims, here, are described by age, sex, and race.

**VIOLENT CRIMES:** Subclassification of the Crime Index which encompasses murder and non-negligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

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# National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS)



## NIBRS – National Incident Based Reporting System

The way crime is counted in the United States is undergoing fundamental changes. We are shifting from the **Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR)** program which is a monthly aggregate reporting of summary crime and arrest statistics to the **National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS)** which is a detailed reporting of crime and arrest activities at the incident level. The National Incident-Based Reporting System is the data collection system developed by the FBI to take the place of the older Uniform Crime Reporting system. Incident-based reporting supplies significantly richer data regarding the nature of crime and the law enforcement response. NIBRS will greatly expand our analytic capabilities at the local, state and federal levels.

The incident-based system reports on a much broader range of crimes and includes data on the victim, the offender, the witness, property, associated arrests and other circumstances for each reported incident. The unit of count for NIBRS is the criminal incident. For each incident reported in NIBRS, there may be data on up to 999 victims, 99 offenders and 99 arrestees. Each incident may include as many as 10 offenses, of which there are 46 different offense types. The FBI NIBRS data set includes 53 data elements. The State of South Dakota added 76 additional elements, of which 15 are mandatory and 61 are optional.

The advantage of the incident-based system lies in enhanced data quality – more data and more accurate data. A sample of what the incident-based system reports includes:

- age, gender, and race of both the victim and the offender/arrestee
- the relationship between the victim and the offender/arrestee
- where and when the crime took place
- what type of injury may have occurred
- what type of weapon may have been used
- whether drugs or alcohol are involved
- whether domestic violence was involved
- whether gambling was involved

When cases involve property crime, the incident-based system will report:

- location of the crime (convenience store, residence, etc.)
- type of victim (individual, business, etc.)
- type of loss (stolen, vandalized, etc.)
- type and description of the property
- value of the property

As of August 2002, 22 states were certified by the FBI as NIBRS compliant. Fourteen states are engaged in FBI NIBRS compliance testing, and nine additional states are in a NIBRS developmental phase. In February 2001, the FBI certified South Dakota as NIBRS compliant.

The crime data provided is an enumeration of crimes known to law enforcement agencies and not an account of all crimes that were committed in South Dakota during 2001. Crimes included in this report are based upon reports received by law enforcement agencies from victims, officers who discovered infractions or other sources.

In 2001, 69 South Dakota law enforcement agencies utilized the NIBRS system to report data to the South Dakota Criminal Statistics Analysis Center (SDSAC.) The SDSAC staff recognizes the work and energy it takes to report local agency crime statistics. We extend our congratulations to the following agencies that have recognized the value of NIBRS and have committed their resources to its success:

<b>NIBRS CONTRIBUTING AGENCIES IN 2001</b>			
<b>Agency</b>	<b>Months Reported</b>	<b>Agency</b>	<b>Months Reported</b>
Alcester Police Department	7	Kadoka Police Department	12
Aurora County Sheriff	12	Lake Andes Police Department	12
Beadle County Sheriff	12	Lead Police Department	12
Belle Fourche Police Department	12	Lemmon Police Department	12
Beresford Police Department	8	Lyman County Sheriff	12
Bon Homme County Sheriff	12	Madison Police Department	12
Box Elder Police Department	12	Marshall County Sheriff	12
Brandon Police Department	12	McLaughlin Police Department	12
Brookings County Sheriff	12	Mellette County Sheriff	12
Brookings Police Department	12	Milbank Police Department	12
Brown County Sheriff	12	Miller Police Department	12
Burke Police Department	12	Miner County Sheriff	12
Clay County Sheriff	12	Minnehaha County Sheriff	12
Codington County Sheriff	7	Mitchell Police Department	12
Corson County Sheriff	12	Mobridge Police Department	12
Davison County Sheriff	12	North Sioux City Police Department	12
Day County Sheriff	12	Parkston Police Department	12
Deadwood Police Department	12	Perkins County Sheriff	12
Deuel County Sheriff	12	Platte Police Department	12
Dewey County Sheriff	12	Potter County Sheriff	12
Eagle Butte Police Department	12	Salem Police Department	12
Edmunds County Sheriff	12	Sisseton Police Department	12
Elk Point Police Department	12	S.D. Division of Criminal Investigation	12
Estelline Police Department	12	Spearfish Police Department	12
Eureka Police Department	12	Spink County Sheriff	12
Faith Police Department	12	Stanley County Sheriff	12
Faulk County Sheriff	12	Sully County Sheriff	12
Gettysburg Police Department	12	Tea Police Department	4
Gregory County Sheriff	12	Vermillion Police Department	12
Groton Police Department	12	Walworth County Sheriff	12
Hand County Sheriff	12	Watertown Police Department	12
Hot Springs Police Department	12	Whitewood Police Department	12
Huron Police Department	12	Yankton County Sheriff	12
Hutchinson County Sheriff	12	Ziebach County Sheriff	12
Jerauld County Sheriff	12		

## Primary Location of Offense

The data element "Location Type" is used to report the type of location/premises where the offense took place. Only one location is recorded for each offense.

**Example:** An assault started in a bar, continued into an adjoining parking lot, and ended in the street. As the bar was the location where the offense was initiated and best describes the circumstances of the crime, "Bar/Night Club" should be reported.

Of the 10,932 locations reported, 3,953 (36%) took place at a Residence/Home, 1,734 (16%) occurred on a Highway/Road/Alley and 1,048 (10%) were reported in a Parking Lot/Garage. The remaining 4,197 (38%) incidents were comprised of other categories as listed below.

Location	Number of Incidents	Percent Distribution
Air/Bus/Train Terminal	9	0.08%
Bank/Savings & Loan	57	0.52%
Bar/Night Club	366	3.35%
Casino	12	0.11%
Church/Synagogue/Temple	41	0.38%
Commercial/Office Building	225	2.06%
Construction Site	50	0.46%
Convenience Store	353	3.23%
Department/Discount Store	234	2.14%
Drug Store/Dr. Office/Hospital	56	0.51%
Field/Woods	112	1.02%
Government/Public Building	163	1.49%
Grocery/Supermarket	176	1.61%
Highway/Road/Alley	1,734	15.86%
Hotel/Motel	191	1.75%
Jail/Prison	116	1.06%
Lake/Waterway	48	0.44%
Liquor Store	36	0.33%
Other/Unknown	763	6.98%
Parking Lot/Garage	1,048	9.59%
Rental Storage Facility	58	0.53%
Residence/Home	3,953	36.16%
Restaurant	156	1.43%
School/College	535	4.89%
Service/Gas Station	231	2.11%
Specialty Store	209	1.91%
<b>Totals*</b>	<b>10,932</b>	<b>100%</b>

\*Due to rounding, percentage may not total 100%.

**South Dakota Division of Criminal Investigation**  
**National Incident-Based Reporting System**

**PRIMARY LOCATION OF OFFENSE BY CRIME TYPE**

Totals from NIBRS Agencies

Incident Occurrence Dates Between 01/01/2001 and 12/31/2001

Location	Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	Negligent Manslaughter	Kidnapping/Abduction	Forcible Rape	Forcible Sodomy	Sexual Assault With an Object	Forcible Fondling	Robbery	Agg. Assault	Simple Assault	Intimidation Assault	Arson	Extortion/Black-mail	Burglary/B&E
Air/Bus/Train Terminal														
Bank/Savings & Loan			1					5						
Bar/Night Club	1							1	14	101	1			56
Casino														1
Church/Synagogue/Temple										1	1	1		10
Commercial/Office Building			1					1	1	10			1	45
Construction Site									1	4				8
Convenience Store						1		2	2	11	1	1		24
Department/Discount Store							1			1				4
Drug Store/Dr. Office/Hospital							1		1	4				2
Field/Woods				2				1	5	9		5		2
Government/Public Building							1		1	14	2	1		16
Grocery/Supermarket										2				6
Highway/Road/Alley			4	2			2	5	37	127	5	4		13
Hotel/Motel				3				2	3	26	1			5
Jail/Prison				2		1	3		27	33	4	1		2
Lake/Waterway									1	3				4
Liquor Store								1		7				7
Other/Unknown				4		3	6		5	81	4	3		75
Parking Lot/Garage								1	9	63		1		51
Rental Storage Facility										2				20
Residence/Home	3	1	2	57	2	7	46	1	91	812	27	8	2	631
Restaurant								1	2	9	1			32
School/College				4					4	56	12	4		39
Service/Gas Station			1					2	1	7	1	1		14
Specialty Store							1	1		3				30
<b>Totals</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>205</b>	<b>1,386</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1,097</b>

**South Dakota Division of Criminal Investigation**  
**National Incident-Based Reporting System**

Crime in South Dakota 2001

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**PRIMARY LOCATION OF OFFENSE BY CRIME TYPE**

Totals from NIBRS Agencies

Incident Occurrence Dates Between 01/01/2001 and 12/31/2001

Location	Pocket Picking	Purse Snatching	Shoplifting	Theft From Building	Theft From Coin Operated	Theft From Motor Vehicle	Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts	All Other Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	Counterfeit/ Forgery	Theft by False Pretense/ Swindling	Credit Card	Imper-sonation
Air/Bus/Train Terminal		1						1	1				
Bank/Savings & Loan				1				9		27	7		
Bar/Night Club		1	1	48	1	9		41	6	22	11		2
Casino		1	1	2					1	1			
Church/Synagogue/Temple		1		3			1	6					
Commercial/Office Building		1	2	33	1	4	3	25	8	3	2	1	1
Construction Site		1		4		4		13	2				
Convenience Store	1		56	48		5		124	1	36	5	2	2
Department/Discount Store		3	144	22		6		14	1	13	2	2	
Drug Store/Dr. Office/Hospital			4	7	1			6	1	3			1
Field/Woods						1	3	23	3				
Government/Public Building				23				27	2	3	3		
Grocery/Supermarket		2	107	8	3			18	1	17	2		
Highway/Road/Alley	1			3		154	37	186	62	1	1		5
Hotel/Motel			2	17	3	5	1	32	4	2	4	1	
Jail/Prison								2					
Lake/Waterway				11		1		12	1				
Liquor Store			5	3				4		3	2		
Other/Unknown		1	8	62	2	43	10	160	5	28	17	6	2
Parking Lot/Garage				11	1	215	58	86	53	1			2
Rental Storage Facility				2		2	1	5	1				
Residence/Home		1		233	1	110	20	608	83	24	31	7	
Restaurant				27				41		11	1		
School/College		1		84	2	9	3	122	2	2	1		
Service/Gas Station			13	17	2	5	3	128	5	6	1	1	
Specialty Store		1	45	25	1	3	4	30	2	11	4	1	
<b>Totals</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>388</b>	<b>694</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>576</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>1,723</b>	<b>245</b>	<b>214</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>15</b>

**South Dakota Division of Criminal Investigation  
National Incident-Based Reporting System**

**PRIMARY LOCATION OF OFFENSE BY CRIME TYPE**

Totals from NIBRS Agencies

Incident Occurrence Dates Between 01/01/2001 and 12/31/2001

Location	Wire Fraud	Embezzlement	Stolen Property	Destruction/Damage/Vandalism	Drug/Narcotic Violation	Drug/Narcotic Equipment Violation	Incest	Statutory Rape	Pornography/ Obscene Materials	Gambling Operate/Promote/ Assist	Prostitution	Prostitution Assist/Promote	Bribery	Weapon Laws
Air/Bus/Train Terminal				6										
Bank/Savings & Loan				7										
Bar/Night Club		1		38	8	2								1
Casino				4	1									
Church/Synagogue/Temple				17										
Commercial/Office Building		6	2	69	3								1	1
Construction Site			2	11										
Convenience Store		4	2	12	12	1								
Department/Discount Store				15	4	2								
Drug Store/Dr. Office/Hospital		1		9	15									
Field/Woods			3	33	13	4		1						4
Government/Public Building		1		46	19	3								1
Grocery/Supermarket				8	2									
Highway/Road/Alley			7	466	496	98	1	1	2	2				12
Hotel/Motel		1	2	35	38	3		1						
Jail/Prison			1	9	28									3
Lake/Waterway				12	3									
Liquor Store		1		3										
Other/Unknown	1	6	1	182	37	7	1	1	1					1
Parking Lot/Garage			3	414	60	14		1			1			3
Rental Storage Facility				24	1									
Residence/Home	1	2	17	665	353	58	3	21	11			1		13
Restaurant		4		26										1
School/College			1	124	47	11		2						5
Service/Gas Station		1	1	14	6	1								
Specialty Store		5		40	1	1								
<b>Totals</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>2,289</b>	<b>1,147</b>	<b>205</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>45</b>

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Crime in South Dakota 2001

**South Dakota Division of Criminal Investigation  
National Incident-Based Reporting System**

**PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF LOCATION BY CRIME TYPE**

Totals from NIBRS Agencies

Incident Occurrence Dates Between 01/01/2001 and 12/31/2001

Location	Total For All Locations	Percentages For All Locations	Crimes Against Person <sup>1</sup>	Crimes Against Property <sup>2</sup>	Crimes Against Society <sup>3</sup>
Commercial Properties:					
Retail Establishment	1,239	11%	40	1,169	30
Food/Beverage/Lodging Facility	725	7%	163	508	54
Other Commercial Property	340	3%	15	320	5
Drug Store/Dr. Office/Hospital	56	1%	6	35	15
Government/Public Building	279	3%	88	137	54
Highway/Road/Alley	1,734	16%	179	945	610
Parking Lot/Garage	1,048	10%	73	897	78
Residence/Home	3,953	36%	1,072	2,445	436
School/College	535	5%	78	394	63
Other/Unknown	1,023	9%	133	820	70
<b>Totals*</b>	<b>10,932</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>1,847</b>	<b>7,670</b>	<b>1,415</b>

\*Due to rounding, percentage may not total 100%.

<sup>1</sup>Crimes against persons are murder/non-negligent manslaughter, negligent manslaughter, assault offenses, kidnapping/abduction, and sex offenses (forcible and non-forcible).

<sup>2</sup>Crimes against property are arson, bribery, burglary, counterfeiting/forgery, destruction/damage/vandalism, embezzlement, extortion/blackmail, fraud offenses, larceny-theft offenses, motor vehicle theft, robbery, and stolen property offenses.

<sup>3</sup>Crimes against society are drug/narcotic offenses, gambling offenses, pornography/obscene material, prostitution offenses, and weapons laws.

-Retail Establishments include convenience store, department/discount store, service/gas station, grocery/supermarket, liquor store, and specialty store.

-Food/Beverage/Lodging Facilities include bar/night club, casino, hotel/motel, and restaurant.

-Other commercial properties include bank/savings and loan, commercial/office building, and rental storage facility.

-Government/public buildings include government/public building and jail/prison.

-Other/Unknown include air/bus/train terminal, church/synagogue/temple, construction site, field/woods, lake/waterway, and other/unknown.

Crimes against property had the greatest occurrence of offenses (70%). Crimes against society had the least number of offenses (13%). Commercial properties account for 21% of the total "Location by Crime Type". Drug Store/Dr. Office/Hospital category had the least number of offenses with 56 (1%) reported.

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**Homicide Details**

Totals from NIBRS Agencies

Incident Occurrence Dates Between 01/01/2001 and 12/31/2001

Offense Code	ORI	Situation	Victim					Offender					Relation-ship Victim to Offender	Occur- rence Date	Weapon
			Number	Ethnicity	Sex	Race	Age	Number	Ethnicity	Sex	Race	Age			
09A-Murder / Non-Neg. Manslaughter	Deadwood PD- SD0400100	Single Victim/ Single Offender	001	Non- Hispanic	Female	White	22	01	Non- Hispanic	Male	White	25	Victim was Spouse	11/03/01	Knife/ Cutting Instrument
09A-Murder / Non-Neg. Manslaughter	South Dakota D.C.I.- SDDCI0000	Single Victim/ Single Offender	001	Non- Hispanic	Male	White	53	01	Non- Hispanic	Male	White	39	Victim was Neighbor	03/17/01	Personal- (Hands, Fist, Feet)
09A-Murder / Non-Neg. Manslaughter	South Dakota D.C.I.- SDDCI0000	Single Victim/ Single Offender	001	Non- Hispanic	Male	White	41	01	Non- Hispanic	Male	American Indian/ Alaska Native	38	Victim was Acquain- tance	05/23/01	Rifle
09A-Murder / Non-Neg. Manslaughter	Yankton Co.- SD660000	Single Victim/ Single Offender	001	Non- Hispanic	Male	White	23	01	Non- Hispanic	Male	White	58	Victim was Child	02/10/01	Rifle
09B-Negligent Manslaughter	South Dakota D.C.I.- SDDCI0000	Multiple Victims/ Single Offender	001	Non- Hispanic	Male	American Indian/ Alaska Native	12	01	Non- Hispanic	Male	American Indian/ Alaska Native	50	Victim was Acquain- tance	09/04/01	Other
09B-Negligent Manslaughter	South Dakota D.C.I.- SDDCI0000	Multiple Victims/ Single Offender	002	Non- Hispanic	Female	American Indian/ Alaska Native	10	01	Non- Hispanic	Male	American Indian/ Alaska Native	50	Victim was Acquain- tance	09/04/01	Other

## Victim Data

Victim Data are collected to describe the victims involved in the incident. A separate set of victim data is submitted for each of the victims (up to 999) involved in the incident. There must be at least one set of victim data for each crime incident.

**Victim Age** is to be reported either as an exact age, a range of years, or as unknown. An age is required for each "Individual" victim. If the exact age is unknown, an approximate age may be reported. Any range in years is acceptable.

**Example:** If a deceased female victim appeared to be a teenager, the report could be "13 to 19 years old."

There were 11,344 victims reported in 2001, of those 1,427 (13%) were juveniles, 116 were under the age of 10 and 9,917 (87%) were adults.

**Victim Gender** is reported as: Male, Female, or Unknown.

In 2001, 3,187 (28%) of the victims were females, 4,003 (35%) victims were male, and 4,154 (37%) were unknown.

**Victim Race** is reported as one of the following: White, Black, American Indian/Alaskan Native, Asian/Pacific Islander, or Unknown.

Of 11,344 victims, 6,457 (57%) were White; 506 (4%) were American Indian/Alaska Native; 46 (0.4%) were Black; 15 (0.11%) were Asian/Pacific Islander; and 4,320 (38%) were reported as Unknown.

Selected Offenses	Number of Victims	Percent Distribution
Destruction/Damage/Vandalism	2,343	21%
All Other Larceny	1,764	16%
Simple Assault	1,493	13%
Burglary	1,147	10%
Theft From Building	705	6%

**South Dakota Division of Criminal Investigation  
National Incident-Based Reporting System**

**VICTIM AGE BY CRIME TYPE**

Totals from NIBRS Agencies

Incident Occurrence Dates Between 01/01/2001 and 12/31/2001

Age	Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	Negligent Manslaughter	Kidnapping/Abduction	Forcible Rape	Forcible Sodomy	Sexual Assault With an Object	Forcible Fondling	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Simple Assault	Intimidation Assault	Arson
Unknown - Juvenile								5		3	1	5
Under 10			1	6	2	6	26		7	35	2	
10-12		2		7			7		4	57	3	
13-14				4		4	7		6	55	7	
15			1	9		1	8		6	49	9	
16				3			1		5	50		
17			1	1		1	1		9	50	7	
Unknown - Adult				1			4	11	27	82	24	14
18				8			1		6	53	4	
19			2	9					10	62		
20				3					11	66		
21				3			2		5	80		1
22	1			4			1		9	84		
23	1			2			2		6	57	2	
24				3			1		8	46		
25-29				11			1	2	29	167	4	1
30-34			1	5					29	152	5	1
35-39				2			2	1	20	116	3	3
40-44	1		3	1			1	2	14	102	3	
45-49				1				2	9	64	5	1
50-54	1			1			2		8	37	5	2
55-59								2	2	10		2
60-64							2		2	6		
65 & Over			1	1			1	2	1	10	1	
<b>Totals</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>233</b>	<b>1,493</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>30</b>

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Crime in South Dakota 2001

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**VICTIM AGE BY CRIME TYPE**

Totals from NIBRS Agencies

Incident Occurrence Dates Between 01/01/2001 and 12/31/2001

Age	Extortion/ Blackmail	Burglary/ B & E	Pocket Picking	Purse Snatching	Shop- lifting	Theft From Building	Theft From Coin Operated	Theft From Motor Vehicle	Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts	All Other Larceny	Motor Vehicle Theft	Counterfeit/ Forgery	Theft by False Pretense/ Swindling	Credit Card	Imper- sonation
Unknown - Juvenile		31			162	13	2	1	1	19	6	14		2	1
Under 10		1				3				19					
10-12		1				12				63					
13-14		5				7		2		62	1				
15		4				4		7	2	20	2				
16		7				12		33	3	18	1		1		
17		16		1		9		27	8	15		3			
Unknown - Adult	2	423	2	4	229	339	16	95	41	752	63	226	55	12	9
18		31		1		13		18	4	22	7	3	1	1	
19		32				15		25	6	19	4	10	1		1
20		25				10		35	6	17	5	9		1	
21		30				16		19	11	25	13	11			
22		17				11		23	4	21	3	2	1	1	
23		15				4		18	2	18	3	1		1	
24		13				5		12	1	12	2	4	2		1
25-29		59				29		63	6	64	14	12	5		1
30-34		58		2		26		35	4	72	23	8	6	2	1
35-39		59		2		34		37	5	95	19	6	2		1
40-44		75				32		39	5	105	22	11	5	4	
45-49	1	58		1		35		43	9	85	18	8	5	3	
50-54		60				24		22	8	69	10	3	2	1	
55-59		32			1	11		14	4	40	7	3	2	1	
60-64		25		2		7		5	2	21	6	1	4		
65 & Over		70		2	1	34		20	7	111	14	5	8		
<b>Totals</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1,147</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>393</b>	<b>705</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>593</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>1,764</b>	<b>243</b>	<b>340</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>15</b>

**South Dakota Division of Criminal Investigation**  
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**VICTIM AGE BY CRIME TYPE**

Totals from NIBRS Agencies

Incident Occurrence Dates Between 01/01/2001 and 12/31/2001

Age	Wire Fraud	Embezzlement	Stolen Property	Destruction Damage/Vandalism	Drug/Narcotic Violation	Drug/Narcotic Equipment Violation	Incest	Statutory Rape	Pornography/ Obscene Materials	Gambling Operate/Promote/ Assist	Prostitution	Prostitution/ Assist/Promote	Bribery	Weapon Laws	Total
Unknown-Juvenile		1	3	27	112	17								2	428
Under 10		1		1			2	4							116
10-12				7			1								164
13-14			1	11			1	11							184
15				19				16							157
16				44				2							180
17				49											198
Unknown - Adult		30	31	901	1,035	83	1	1	13	2	1	1	1	43	4,574
18				54											227
19				60											256
20				44											232
21			2	57											275
22			1	34											217
23		1		37											170
24		1		29											140
25-29			1	112											581
30-34		1		104											535
35-39	1	1		130											539
40-44		3	2	168											598
45-49	1	2		154											505
50-54			1	74											330
55-59		2		54											187
60-64		2		53											138
65 & Over		4		120											413
<b>Totals</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>2,343</b>	<b>1,147</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>11,344</b>

**South Dakota Division of Criminal Investigation  
National Incident-Based Reporting System**

**VICTIM GENDER BY CRIME TYPE**

Totals from NIBRS Agencies  
Incident Occurrence Dates Between 01/01/2001 and 12/31/2001

Offense	Female	Male	Unknown	Total
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	1	3		4
Negligent Manslaughter	1	1		2
Kidnapping/Abduction	6	4		10
Forcible Rape	83		2	85
Forcible Sodomy		2		2
Sexual Assault With an Object	9	3		12
Forcible Fondling	56	14		70
Robbery	3	9	15	27
Aggravated Assault	78	153	2	233
Simple Assault	803	681	9	1,493
Intimidation Assault	40	38	7	85
Arson	5	9	16	30
Extortion/Blackmail	2		1	3
Burglary/Breaking and Entering	323	473	351	1,147
Pocket Picking	1		1	2
Purse Snatching	13	1	1	15
Shoplifting		2	391	393
Theft From Building	189	236	280	705
Theft From Coin Operated			18	18
Theft From Motor Vehicle	192	357	44	593
Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts	34	75	30	139
All Other Larceny	491	692	581	1,764
Motor Vehicle Theft	72	126	45	243
Counterfeit/Forgery	52	65	223	340
Theft by False Pretense/Swindling	25	29	46	100
Credit Card	10	8	11	29
Impersonation	2	3	10	15
Wire Fraud	2			2
Embezzlement	9	9	31	49
Stolen Property	9	16	17	42
Destruction/Damage/Vandalism	640	991	712	2,343
Drug/Narcotic Violation			1,147	1,147
Drug/Narcotic Equipment Violation			100	100
Incest	4	1		5
Statutory Rape	32	2		34
Pornography/Obscene Materials			13	13
Gambling-Operate/Promote/Assist			2	2
Prostitution			1	1
Prostitution-Promote/Assist			1	1
Bribery			1	1
Weapon Laws			45	45
<b>Totals</b>	<b>3,187</b>	<b>4,003</b>	<b>4,154</b>	<b>11,344</b>

**South Dakota Division of Criminal Investigation  
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**VICTIM RACE BY CRIME TYPE**

Totals from NIBRS Agencies

Incident Occurrence Dates Between 01/01/2001 and 12/31/2001

Offense	American Indian/ Alaska Native	Asian/ Pacific Islander	Black	White	Unknown	Total
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter				4		4
Negligent Manslaughter	2					2
Kidnapping/Abduction	1			9		10
Forcible Rape	11		1	70	3	85
Forcible Sodomy	1			1		2
Sexual Assault With an Object	3			9		12
Forcible Fondling	1	1		66	2	70
Robbery				10	17	27
Aggravated Assault	41	1	4	180	7	233
Simple Assault	226	3	16	1,206	42	1,493
Intimidation Assault	7	1		72	5	85
Arson				13	17	30
Extortion/Blackmail				2	1	3
Burglary/Breaking and Entering	30	1	9	730	377	1,147
Pocket Picking	1				1	2
Purse Snatching	1			12	2	15
Shoplifting	1			1	391	393
Theft From Building	21	3	1	383	297	705
Theft From Coin Operated					18	18
Theft From Motor Vehicle	18	1	2	512	60	593
Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts	4	1		104	30	139
All Other Larceny	36	2	5	1,125	596	1,764
Motor Vehicle Theft	16		1	172	54	243
Counterfeit/Forgery	7	1		106	226	340
Theft by False Pretense/Swindling	2			52	46	100
Credit Card			1	15	13	29
Impersonation				4	11	15
Wire Fraud				2		2
Embezzlement				18	31	49
Stolen Property	2		1	20	19	42
Destruction/Damage/Vandalism	69		5	1,526	743	2,343
Drug/Narcotic Violation					1,147	1,147
Drug/Narcotic Equipment Violation					100	100
Incest	1			4		5
Statutory Rape	4			29	1	34
Pornography/Obscene Materials					13	13
Gambling-Operate/Promote/Assist					2	2
Prostitution					1	1
Prostitution-Promote/Assist					1	1
Bribery					1	1
Weapon Laws					45	45
<b>Totals</b>	<b>506</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>6,457</b>	<b>4,320</b>	<b>11,344</b>

## Suspected Usage by Offender(s)

The data element "Offender(s) Suspected of Using" indicates whether any of the offenders in the incident were suspected of consuming alcohol or using drugs/narcotics during or shortly before the incident; or of using a computer, computer terminal, or other computer equipment to perpetrate the crime. Any or all of the following four categories can be used for each offense: Alcohol, Computer Equipment, Drugs/Narcotics, or Not Applicable.

**Example (1):** A rape victim advised that her attacker bragged that he had been "freebasing" cocaine just before the incident. "Drugs/Narcotics" should be reported.

**Example (2):** A computer "hacker" used his personal computer and a telephone modem to gain access to a company's computer and steal proprietary data. "Computer Equipment" should be reported.

There were 11,131 offenders involved in the 10,932 reported incidents. Of the 11,131 offenders; 8,515 (77%) were not applicable; 1,304 (12%) involved drugs; 1,285 (12%) involved alcohol; and 27 (.2%) involved the use of computer equipment.

**South Dakota Division of Criminal Investigation  
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**Suspected Usage by Offender(s)**

Totals from NIBRS Agencies

Incident Occurrence Dates Between 01/01/2001 and 12/31/2001

Incident	Alcohol	Drugs/ Narcotics	Computer Equipment	Not Applicable	Total
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	3			1	4
Negligent Manslaughter	1				1
Kidnapping/Abduction	2			7	9
Forcible Rape	38	8		34	80
Forcible Sodomy				2	2
Sexual Assault With an Object	2			10	12
Forcible Fondling	11	4		49	64
Robbery	3	1		20	24
Aggravated Assault	94	14		105	213
Simple Assault	563	29	2	809	1,403
Intimidation Assault	4	1		55	60
Arson	6			24	30
Extortion/Blackmail				3	3
Burglary/Breaking and Entering	58	19	2	1,022	1,101
Pocket Picking				2	2
Purse Snatching				15	15
Shoplifting	23			365	388
Theft From Building	31	8	1	656	696
Theft From Coin Operated Machine				18	18
Theft From Motor Vehicle	10	2		564	576
Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts	1			143	144
All Other Larceny	36	1	8	1,678	1,723
Motor Vehicle Theft	27	3		217	247
Counterfeit/Forgery	9	7		198	214
Theft by False Pretense/Swindling	7	1	1	86	95
Credit Card	1		1	19	21
Impersonation	6			9	15
Wire Fraud				2	2
Embezzlement				33	33
Stolen Property	1	2		39	42
Destruction/Damage/Vandalism	147	9	1	2,137	2,294
Drug/Narcotic Violation	133	1,032	6	92	1,263
Drug/Narcotic Equipment Violation	49	159	1	28	237
Incest	1			4	5
Statutory Rape	9	2		19	30
Pornography/Obscene Materials	1	2	4	8	15
Gambling-Operate/Promote/Assist				2	2
Prostitution				1	1
Prostitution-Promote/Assist				1	1
Bribery				1	1
Weapon Laws	8			37	45
<b>Totals</b>	<b>1,285</b>	<b>1,304</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>8,515</b>	<b>11,131</b>

## Victim Injury Type

The data element "Type of Injury" is used to describe the type(s) of bodily injury suffered by a person who was the victim of one or more of the following offenses: Kidnapping/Abduction, Forcible Rape, Forcible Sodomy, Sexual Assault With an Object, Forcible Fondling, Robbery, Aggravated Assault, Simple Assault and Extortion/Blackmail.

Up to five injuries can be reported for each incident. For the past two years, the first injury reported in each incident has been included in the "Victim Injury by Crime Type" table. This table now indicates all injuries which occur for the selected offenses.

**Example (1):** The offender assaulted a man with a tire iron, breaking the man's arm and opening a cut about three inches long and one inch deep on his back. The report should reflect "Apparent Broken Bones" and "Severe Laceration."

**Example (2):** An unknown offender assaulted a victim. The victim was not injured. Since there were no injuries, report "None".

Injury Type Description	Number	Percent Distribution
Apparent Broken Bones	14	1.10%
Apparent Minor Injury	1,178	92.18%
Loss of Teeth	2	0.16%
Other Major Injury	24	1.88%
Possible Internal Injury	18	1.41%
Severe Laceration	32	2.50%
Unconsciousness	10	0.78%
<b>Totals*</b>	<b>1,278</b>	<b>100%</b>

\* Due to rounding, percentages may not total 100%.

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National Incident-Based Reporting System**

**VICTIM INJURY BY CRIME TYPE**

Totals from NIBRS Agencies

Incident Occurrence Dates Between 01/01/2001 and 12/31/2001

Injury Type Description	Kidnapping/ Abduction	Forcible Rape	Forcible Sodomy	Sexual Assault With an Object	Forcible Fondling	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Simple Assault	Extortion/ Blackmail	Totals For Injury Type
Apparent Broken Bones							14			14
Apparent Minor Injury	1	23		4	9	2	80	1,059		1,178
Loss of Teeth							2			2
Other Major Injury		4			1	2	17			24
Possible Internal Injury		3			2	2	11			18
Severe Lacerations		2				2	28			32
Unconsciousness		1					9			10
<b>Total Injuries</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>1,059</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,278</b>
<b>Number of Victims with Injuries</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>129</b>	<b>1,059</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,240</b>
<b>Number of Victims without Injuries</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>104</b>	<b>434</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>695</b>
<b>Total Victims</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>233</b>	<b>1,493</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>1,935</b>

Forcible Rape accounted for 3% of all injuries, Aggravated Assault accounted for 13% of all injuries and Simple Assault accounted for 83% of all injuries. The offenses that were responsible for multiple injuries per incident were: Forcible Rape, Robbery and Aggravated Assault.

## Victim/Offender Relationship by Crime Type

The data element "Relationship(s) of Victim to Offender(s)" is used to report the relationship of the victim to offender(s) who have perpetrated a "Crime against a Person" or a "Robbery" against the victim.

**Example (1):** An employee assaulted his employer with his fists. Specify, "Victim Was Employer".

**Example (2):** Two unknown men robbed a male and female couple. Report "Stranger" as the relationship of each of the two victims to each of the two offenders.

Relationship Of Victim To Offender	Number	Percent
Not Required for Incident	9,282	81.82%
Relationship Unknown	217	1.91%
Victim was Acquaintance	588	5.18%
Victim was Child	70	0.62%
Child of Boyfriend/Girlfriend	24	0.21%
Victim was Common-Law-Spouse	11	0.10%
Victim was Employee	8	0.07%
Victim was Employer	4	0.04%
Victim was Ex-Spouse	23	0.20%
Victim was Friend	68	0.60%
Victim was Grandchild	4	0.04%
Victim was Grandparent	1	>0.00%
Victim was Homosexual Partner	4	0.04%
Victim was In-Law	9	0.08%
Victim was Neighbor	12	0.11%
Victim was Offender	25	0.22%
Victim was Other Family Member	31	0.27%
Victim was Otherwise Known	152	1.34%
Victim was Parent	43	0.38%
Victim was Sibling (Brother/Sister)	42	0.37%
Victim was Spouse	202	1.78%
Victim was Step-Sibling	4	0.04%
Victim was Step-Child	27	0.24%
Victim was Step-Parent	9	0.08%
Victim was Stranger	128	1.13%
Victim was Babysittee (the baby)	6	0.05%
Victim was Boyfriend/Girlfriend	350	3.10%
<b>Totals*</b>	<b>11,344</b>	<b>100%</b>

\*Due to rounding, percentage may not total 100%.

**South Dakota Division of Criminal Investigation  
National Incident-Based Reporting System**

**VICTIM/OFFENDER RELATIONSHIP TYPE BY SELECTED CRIME TYPE**

Totals from NIBRS Agencies  
Incident Occurrence Dates Between 01/01/2001 and 12/31/2001

Relationship Of Victim To Offender	Murder/ Non-Negligent Manslaughter	Negligent Manslaughter	Kidnapping/ Abduction	Forcible Rape	Forcible Sodomy	Sexual Assault With an Object	Forcible Fondling	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Simple Assault	Intimidation Assault	Incest	Statutory Rape
Relationship Unknown			5	12		2	6	20	27	119	24		2
Victim was Acquaintance	1	2	1	42	1	4	25	1	72	405	21		13
Victim was Child	1		1	1			6		6	52	1	1	1
Victim was Child of Boyfriend/Girlfriend				1					7	15			1
Victim was Common-Law-Spouse										11			
Victim was Employee							2		1	4	1		
Victim was Employer										4			
Victim was Ex-Spouse			1						3	19			
Victim was Friend				5		3	2		7	44		1	6
Victim was Grandchild				2			1			1			
Victim was Grandparent											1		
Victim was Homosexual Partner										4			
Victim was In-Law							1			8			
Victim was Neighbor	1				1		1			4	5		
Victim was Offender										25			
Victim was Other Family Member				5			7		2	15	1	1	
Victim was Otherwise Known			1	2		1	4		33	100	10		1
Victim was Parent						1	1		2	37	2		
Victim was Sibling (Brother/Sister)				1			3		7	30		1	
Victim was Spouse	1			1					10	186	4		
Victim was Step-Sibling										2		1	1
Victim was Step-Child				2			2			22			1
Victim was Step-Parent										9			
Victim was Stranger			1	6		1	6	6	32	62	13		1
Victim was Babysittee (the baby)				2			3			1			
Victim was Boyfriend/Girlfriend				3					24	314	2		7
<b>Totals</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>233</b>	<b>1,493</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>34</b>

**\*VALUE OF PROPERTY LOSS, SEIZED, or RECOVERED  
DUE TO CRIMINAL ACTION**

**SELECTED PROPERTY TYPES**

Totals from NIBRS Agencies  
Incident Occurrence Dates Between 01/01/2001 and 12/31/2001

<b>Property Description</b>	<b>Total Loss</b>	<b>Burned</b>	<b>Counterfeit/ Forged</b>	<b>Destroyed/ Damaged</b>	<b>Stolen, Embezzled</b>	<b>Seized</b>	<b>Total Recovered</b>
Clothing and Furs	\$30,599	\$12	\$226	\$80	\$27,000		\$3,281
Consumable Goods	\$38,491		\$1,632	\$1,828	\$32,863	\$592	\$1,576
Currency, Notes, Etc.	\$1,509,036		\$105,299	\$200	\$1,193,905	\$83,528	\$126,104
Firearms	\$43,869				\$38,447	\$5,072	\$350
Household Goods	\$75,049	\$1,102		\$7,008	\$62,270	\$50	\$4,619
Jewelry and Precious Metals	\$196,310		\$774		\$181,834	\$200	\$13,502
Livestock	\$158,685			\$1,500	\$127,385		\$29,800
Motor Vehicles	\$3,108,647	\$19,500		\$442,792	\$1,487,540	\$33,350	\$1,125,465
Miscellaneous	\$1,662,470	\$111,855	\$4,107	\$389,895	\$1,014,587	\$3,411	\$138,615
Office Equipment	\$140,830			\$2,525	\$123,315	\$1,580	\$13,410
Televisions, Radios, Stereos, Etc.	\$307,432		\$300	\$1,795	\$265,354	\$200	\$39,783
<b>Totals</b>	<b>\$7,271,418</b>	<b>\$132,469</b>	<b>\$112,338</b>	<b>\$847,623</b>	<b>\$4,554,500</b>	<b>\$127,983</b>	<b>\$1,496,505</b>

\*Law Enforcement estimate of value (in dollars) at time of loss, seizure or recovery.

**South Dakota Division of Criminal Investigation  
National Incident-Based Reporting System**

**NUMBER AND PERCENT OF OFFENSES  
COMPLETED AND ATTEMPTED**

Totals from NIBRS Agencies

Incident Occurrence Dates Between 01/01/2001 and 12/31/2001

Offense	Total	Completed <sup>1</sup>	Percent Completed	Attempted	Percent Attempted
Crimes Against Persons <sup>2</sup>	1,847	1,829	99%	18	1%
Crimes Against Property <sup>3</sup>	7,670	7,424	97%	246	3%
Crimes Against Society <sup>4</sup>	1,415	1,392	98%	23	2%
<b>Totals</b>	<b>10,932</b>	<b>10,645</b>	<b>97%</b>	<b>287</b>	<b>3%</b>

<sup>1</sup> If there was more than one occurrence of the same offense type within an incident and one was completed, all are considered "completed."

<sup>2</sup> Crimes against persons are murder/non-negligent manslaughter, negligent manslaughter, assault offenses, kidnapping/abduction, and sex offenses (forcible and non-forcible.)

<sup>3</sup> Crimes against property are arson, bribery, burglary, counterfeiting/forgery, destruction/damage/vandalism, embezzlement, extortion/blackmail, fraud offenses, larceny -theft offenses, motor vehicle theft, robbery, and stolen property offenses.

<sup>4</sup> Crimes against society are drug/narcotic offenses, gambling offenses, pornography/obscene material, prostitution offenses, and weapons law violations.

**NUMBER OF OFFENSES BY WEAPON,  
OF SELECTED OFFENSES**

Totals from NIBRS Agencies

Incident Occurrence Dates Between 01/01/2001 and 12/31/2001

Offense	Number Of Offenses	Firearm(s) <sup>1</sup>	Dangerous Weapons <sup>2</sup> (knives, clubs, etc.)	Personal Weapons <sup>3</sup> (hands, fists, feet)	Firearms With Dangerous and/or Personal Weapons <sup>4</sup>	Other Weapon <sup>5</sup>	Other Weapon Combinations <sup>6</sup>	Unknown	None
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	4	2	1	1					
Negligent Manslaughter	1					1			
Kidnapping/Abduction	9	2		3	1	1			2
Forcible Rape	74		3	50		3	1	3	14
Other Forcible Sex Offenses	75		1	57		1	1	1	14
Robbery	24	11	6	2			1	1	3
Aggravated Assault	205	28	57	83		18	15	3	1
Simple Assault	1,386			1,265		61	11	10	39
Extortion/Blackmail	3					1			2
Weapon Laws	45	28	6		1	9			1
<b>Totals</b>	<b>1,826</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>74</b>	<b>1,461</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>76</b>

<sup>1</sup> Includes offenses committed with one or more firearm(s), but no other weapon type.

<sup>2</sup> Includes offenses committed with one or more dangerous weapon(s), but no other weapon type.

<sup>3</sup> Includes offenses committed with one or more personal weapon(s) and no other weapon type.

<sup>4</sup> Includes offenses committed with firearm(s) and any other weapon type.

<sup>5</sup> Includes offenses committed with one or more other weapon/force not fitting other specifically stated weapons/force.

<sup>6</sup> Includes offenses committed with any weapon combination excluding firearm(s).

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## **Appendix**

1. Specific Crimes and their Offenses/Arrest Codes, Summary UCR and NIBRS
2. Data elements that FBI NIBRS records on each crime incident
3. NIBRS reference resources

**Appendix Table 1. Specific Crimes and their Offenses/Arrest Codes, Summary UCR and NIBRS**

Summary UCR collects offense information for index offenses (subject to the hierarchy rule) and arrest information for all Part I and Part II Offenses. NIBRS collects detailed offense information on each occurrence of crimes listed under Group A Offenses and arrest information for all Group A and Group B Offenses.

<b>Summary UCR</b>		<b>NIBRS</b>	
Part I (Index) Offenses		Group A Offenses – Index of Offenses in Bold	
Code	Offense	Code	Offense
011	Criminal Homicide Offenses	200	<b>Arson</b>
012	Murder and Non Negligent Manslaughter		Assault Offenses
02	Manslaughter by Negligence	13A	<b>Aggravated Assault</b>
03	Forcible Rape	13B	Simple Assault
04	Robbery	13C	Intimidation
05	Aggravated Assault	510	Bribery
06	Burglary – Breaking or Entering	220	<b>Burglary/Breaking and Entering</b>
07	Larceny – Theft (Except Motor Vehicle Theft)	250	Counterfeiting/Forgery
08	Motor Vehicle Theft	290	Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property
09	Arson		Drug/Narcotic Offenses
		35A	Drug/Narcotic Violations
		35B	Drug/Narcotic Equip. Violation
		270	Embezzlement
		210	Extortion/Blackmail
			Fraud Offenses
		26A	False Pretenses/Swindle/Confidence Games
		26B	Credit Card/ATM Fraud
		26C	Impersonation
		26D	Welfare Fraud
		26E	Wire Fraud
			Gambling Offenses
		39A	Betting/Wagering
		39B	Operating/Promoting/Assisting Gambling
		39C	Gambling Equipment Violations
		39D	Sports Tampering
			Homicide Offenses
		09A	<b>Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter</b>
		09B	<b>Negligent Manslaughter</b>
		09C	Justifiable Homicide
		100	Kidnapping/Abduction
			<b>Larceny/Theft Offenses</b>
		23A	Pocket Picking
		23B	Purse Snatching
		23C	Shoplifting
		23D	Theft from Building
		23E	Theft from Coin-Operated Machines or Device
		23F	Theft from Motor Vehicle
		23G	Theft of Motor Vehicle Parts/Accessories
		23H	All Other Larceny
		240	<b>Motor Vehicle Theft</b>
		370	Pornography/Obscene Material
			Prostitution Offenses
		40A	Prostitution
		40B	Assisting or Promoting Prostitution
		120	<b>Robbery</b>
			Sex Offenses, Forcible
		11A	<b>Forcible Rape</b>
		11B	Forcible Sodomy
		11C	Sexual Assault with an Object
		11D	Forcible Fondling
			Sex Offenses, Non-Forcible
		36A	Incest
		36B	Statutory Rape
		280	Stolen Property Offenses
		520	Weapon Law Violations
			<b>Group B Offenses</b>
		90A	Bad Checks
		90B	Curfew/Loitering/Vagrancy
		90C	Disorderly Conduct
		90D	Driving Under the Influence
		90E	Drunkness
		90F	Non-Violent Family Offenses
		90G	Liquor Law Violations
		90H	Peeping Tom
		90I	Runaways
		90J	Trespassing
		90Z	All Other Offenses

**Appendix Table 2.****Data elements that FBI NIBRS records on each crime incident.****Administrative Segment:**

- 1 ORI Number
- 2 Incident Number
- 3 Incident Date/Hour
- 4 Cleared Exceptionally
- 5 Exceptional Clearance Date

**Offense Segment:**

- 6 UCR Offense Code
- 7 Offense Attempted/Completed
- 8 Offender Suspected of Using
- 8A Bias Motivation
- 9 Location Type
- 10 Number of Premises Entered
- 11 Method of Entry
- 12 Type of Criminal Activity
- 13 Type of Weapon/Force Involved

**Property Segment:**

- 14 Type of Property Loss/Etc.
- 15 Property Description
- 16 Value of Property
- 17 Date Recovered
- 18 Number of Stolen Motor Vehicles
- 19 Number of Recovered Motor Vehicles
- 20 Suspected Drug Type
- 21 Estimated Drug Quantity
- 22 Type of Drug Measurement

**Victim Segment:**

- 23 Victim Number
- 24 Victim UCR offense Code
- 25 Type of Victim
- 26 Age of Victim
- 27 Sex of Victim
- 28 Race of Victim
- 29 Ethnicity of Victim
- 30 Resident Status of Victim
- 31 Aggravated Assault/Homicide Circumstances
- 32 Additional Justifiable Homicide Circumstances
- 33 Type of Injury
- 34 Offender Number to be Related
- 35 Relationship(s) of Victim to Offender(s)

**Offender Segment:**

- 36 Offender Number
- 37 Age of Offender
- 38 Sex of Offender
- 39 Race of Offender

**Arrestee Segment:**

- 40 Arrestee Number
- 41 Arrest Number
- 42 Arrest Date
- 43 Type of Arrest
- 44 Multiple Arrestee Segments Indicator
- 45 UCR Arrest Offense Code
- 46 Arrestee Was Armed With
- 47 Age of Arrestee
- 48 Sex of Arrestee
- 49 Race of Arrestee
- 50 Ethnicity of Arrestee
- 51 Resident Status of Arrestee
- 52 Disposition of Arrestee Under 18

## **Appendix Table 3. NIBRS reference resources.**

### **Related Websites**

Association of State Uniform Crime Reporting Programs ----- www.asucrp.org  
 Bureau of Justice Statistics-----www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs  
 Crime Mapping Research Center----- www.ojp.usdoj.gov/nij/maps  
 FBI Uniform Crime Reports----- www.fbi.gov/ucr/ucr.htm  
 International Association of Crime Analysts ----- www.iaca.net  
 Justice Information Center----- www.ncjrs.org  
 Justice Research and Statistics Association ----- www.jrsainfo.org  
 FBI National Incident Based Reporting System----- www.fbi.gov/ucr/ucr.htm  
 SEARCH: The National Consortium for Justice Information and Statistics----- www.search.org/nibrs

### **Publications**

*CJIS Newsletter*, 4, 1, NIBRS Edition, 2000 ----- www.leo.gov/lesig/cjis/cjisnews/newsmain.html\*  
 ----- www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/v4no1nib.pdf  
*Conversion of NIBRS to Summary Data*, Uniform Crime Reports, 1999----- www.fbi.gov/ucr/nibrs/manuals/conversion.pdf  
*Crime in the United States, 1999*----- www.fbi.gov/ucr/00cius.htm  
*Implementing the National Incident-Based Reporting System:*  
*A Project Status Report*, FBI and BJS, 1997 ----- www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/inibrs.htm  
*Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook*, 1984  
*Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook* NIBRS Edition, 1992  
*Uniform Crime Reporting, National Incident-Based Reporting System,*  
*Addendum to the NIBRS*, Vols. 1, 2, 4, 2002 -----www.fbi.gov/ucr/nibrs/manuals/revisedaddendum.pdf  
*Uniform Crime Reporting, National Incident Based Reporting System*  
 Volume 1: Data Collection Guidelines, 2000----- www.fbi.gov/ucr/nibrs/manuals/v1all.pdf  
 Volume 2: Data Submission Specifications, 1992----- www.fbi.gov/ucr/nibrs/manuals/v2all.pdf  
 Volume 4: Error Message Manual, 1999----- www.fbi.gov/publish/nibrs/v4all.pdf  
*Uniform Crime Reporting State Program Bulletins*----- www.leo.gov\*  
*Using NIBRS Data to Analyze Violent Crime,*  
*FBI's CJIS newsletter, NIBRS edition*----- www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/nibrs.htm

\*Restricted Access.